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SIXTEEN PAGES — TWO RIYALS

Plane parts request nixed by Washington

By Bob Lebling

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 - President Carter's decision to turn down Saudi Arabia's request for advanced F-15 fighter jet acces-sories was an eleventh-hour political mancurver aimed at winning the support of American Jewish voters in next week's presidential election, campaign analysts said.

The president's surprise move, which he revealed in an interview, went against the recommendation of two of his top foreign policy aides, National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski and Defense Secretary Harold Brown, sources said.

Previously the Administration had planned to present the Saudi request to Congress after the Nov. 4 election. The Kingdom has asked for refueling equipment and bomb racks for the 60 F-15 fighters it bas purchased from the United States.

Informed diplomatic sources here has expected the Administration to press hard for Congressional approval of the equipment opposed by Israel, which claims the equipment would give Saudi Arabia the capability for long-range air attacks against the Jewish

President Carter ignored the advice of Brzezinski and Brown, who favored the sale. and listened instead to his campaign advisers, who have been worried about the president's growing unpopularity among America's Jew-

According to a series of eight recent public opinion polls by the New York Times and than 40 per cent of the Jewish vote nationwide in next week's election. In 1976, Carter won 64 per cent of the votes cast by American

Carter and his campaign organization consider the Jewish vote crucial in a number of important states, including New York and New Jersey. While Jews make up less than three per cent of the U.S. population, they are concentrated in key cities and tend to vote in higher proportions than other ethnic

Carter and his Republican opponent Ronald Reagan have been trying bard in recent weeks to win over Jewish voters who are defecting from the campaign of independent candidate John Anderson, no longer regarded as a viable contender for the presi-

In his interview Friday with a reporter for RKO General Broadcasting, Carter said: There will be absolutely no change in the assurance given to the Congress in 1978 by Secretary Brown, acting under my instructions, on the sale of F-15s to the Saudi Ara-

" In accordance with those assurances, we will not agree to provide offensive, capabilities that might be used against Israel. Carter said his decision obviously included bomb racks. The president's statement on the F-15 accessories was initially ignored by the U.S. news media. But White House staffers pointed out to reporters the importance of

Arafat, Belgrade leader meet

BELGRADE, Oct. 28 (R) - Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat discussed the Middle East, the Gulf war between Iran and Iraq and other international issues with Yugoslav President Cvijetin Mijatovic Monday offi-

Arafat, the leader of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), who arrived for a visit to Yugoslavia Sunday, met Mijatovic after addressing the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) general conference here.

He told the 152-nation conference, set to end Tuesday that Western powers were trycountries through their domination of communications media.

Arafat accused the United States of giving Israel political and military help in its defiance of U.N. resolutions and said Israel used sophisticated weapons to attack Lebanese and Palestinians in South Lebanon.

civilisations and without cultures."

ference while Arafat was speaking.

protested against Arafat's visit to the confer-

U.N. discussions on Namibia falter

PRETORIA, South Africa, Oct. 28 (LAT) - U.N. negotiators have failed tu win a firm commitment from the South African goverament to implement a proposed U.N. formula aimed at ending guerrilla warfare and bringing independence to Namibia.

Informed sources said that five days of talks here late her last week in South Africa's capital have not broken a stalemate on the issue. Undersecretary-General Brian

Mijatovic and Arafat, during the talks, expressed their grave concern with the continued armed conflict between Iraq and Iran with all its negative effects "including the danger of foreign interference," officials said.

Arafat told delegates that "the powers dominating technical means in the field of information are still practicing a new form of colonialism. They are the ones who impose their values on the viewers and the listeners throughout the world, stifling the values of the poorer and smaller peoples as though these people were without roots, without The U.S. and Israeli delegations stayed

away from the 21st UNESCO general con-Israel and the United States had earlier

Urquhart and his negotiating group returned to New York to report their failure to U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Wladheim.

A demand for selective economic sanctions against South Africa is expected to follow, initiated by the African bloc in the General Assembly. Similar demands have been made before, h' this time the call is expected to have addcu weight.

Saud warns of further M.E. danger

AMMAN, Oct. 28 (SPA) - Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal Tuesday called for joint Arab action to face the dangers lying ahead of the Arab world and the designs of "the many aggressors who have ambitions" in the area."

Prince Sand, who arrived here in the morning to lead the Kingdom's delegation to meetings of the seven-member committee of ministers .. preparing for the Arab Summit, stressed the importance of the committee's work. The committee, he said, is going to consider the situation in the area, and the Kingdom pins great bopes on it to foster Arab

The prince was met at the airport by Marwan Al-Qasim, Jordan's foreign minister, and Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Sultan, the Kingdom's amhassador to Amman.

Prince Saud emphasized the importance of Jihad (boly struggle) in defending Arab and Islamie causes, as Jihad is the only safeguard for such causes, "It has become necessary in the light of this Jihad trend to achieve further solidarity between Arab and Islamie nations," the prince said.

Khomeini ignores hostages in talk

BEIRUT, Oct. 28 (AP) - Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, Iran's revolutionary leader, met Tuesday with government officials and members of Iran's parliament, who are debating the fate of 52 U.S. bostages. No decision on the bostages has been reached. An official at Khomeini's office in Tehran.

reached by telephone from Berrut, said Khomeini delivered a 45-minute speech at the Husseinich mosque and religious center in the Jamaran village north of Tchran. "He didn't speak about the bostages at

all," said Saraj Moosavi, the official in Khomeini's Tehran office.

Iran's parliament is in recess until Wednesday and government officers and schools were closed, with Iranians celebrating a religious boliday.

Kingdom cites Qaddafi attacks

Ties with Libya cut

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) — Saudi Arabia severed diplomatic relations with Libya Tuesday because of the Kingdom's concern for Islam against the attacks of the Libyan leader, Muammar Qaddafi.

A statement issued by the Foreign Ministry said that Qaddafi's attacks continued unabated and it was intolerable when be began to spread lies against Islam and particularly against one of its main pillars — 's

Qaddafi had earlier last week told a mosque congregation in Libya that it was useless to go to Mecca for the pilgrimage and incited bloodshed in the holy places of the Kingdom. He alleged that the boly places were being occupied by American troops and that American warplanes were circling the holy sites during the performance of the pilgrim-

age.

The presence of nearly two million pilgrims, including several thousand Libyans in the boly sites did nothing to deter him from making these allegations publicly,
"Saudi Arabia had been quite patient with

President Qaddafi," the statement said,

brotherhood of the Arab nation. But there was no end to President Oaddafi's malpractices which not only hurt the relations hetween the two countries but went on to offend our religion at the time of the Islamic congregation in the holy places."

While the Islamic people continue to seek peace and amity and while the Arabs contique their confrontation with the Zionisi enemy, the statement added, "Oaddafi comes out with one of this false and baseless allegations against one of the pillars of Islam. the pilgrimage. It is impossible to remain silent while he continues to sow doubts about Muslim rituals.

For this reason, the statement went on, and because of its sense of Islamic responsibility in the defense of Islam and resistance to any atheistic idcologies, the Kingdom decided to sever diplomanc relations with "the ruling regime led by President Qaddafi."

Saudi Arabia will, however, continue to uphold its brotherly relations with the Libyan people, the statement concluded.

Qaddafi's attacks on the Kingdom, first

Baghdad's tank assault rolling toward Abadan BEIRUT, Oct. 28, (AP) - Iraq said its encircled Abadan to the east last week and

tanks mounted fresh assaults Tuesday to conquer the northern and eastern approaches of Iran's giant oil refining center of Abadan, calling it a " dying city. Iran said the Abadan defenders " pre-

vented " the Iraqis from crossing either of the two river bridges that control the main routes to Abadan on the eastern coast of the embattled Shatt Al-Arab waterway. The running battle for the bridges was

reported by war progress communiques from Baghdad and Tehran as the Gulf conflict moved unabated into its 37th day.

Iraqi belicopte: gunships attacked " along

all sectors of the war front" for the first time in the war, Baghdad announced. No gains were reported by either side at Abadan, but Iran revealed that Iraqi forces advanced 15 miles (24 kms) to the southeast of the city, extending their control of the estuary that is Iraq's and Ahadan's water route to the Gulf. An Iraqi communique Monday night said

the helicopters knocked out tanks, armored personnel carriers, artillery and a radar sta-

On the Abadan-Khorramshahr front at the southern end of the battle line, Tehran radio said Iraqi forces from Khorramshahr tried to cross the Karun River bridge, on the southeast side of the port city and advanced toward Abadan. 10 miles (16 kms) to the southeast, but revolutionary guards drove them back. However, an Iranian communique said

Iranian jets attacked Iraqi tank columns and artillery batteries near Khosrowabad, 15 miles (24 kms) southeast of Abadan on the Iranian side of the Shatt Al-Arab.

Apparently part of the Iraqi force that

cut off its last supply routes continued on down the Shatt Al-Arab and was only about 15 miles (24 kms) from the Gulf. Iraq is fighting to regain the eastern half of the waterway, which was ceded to Iran in 1975.

Other war communiques reported mostly aerial activity. Iraq said its MiG jets attacked a motor pool north of Dezful, Iran's military beadquarters for Khuzestan province, and bombed the port of Bandar Mashur, east of Abadan, making direct hits on port facilities, while Iraqi ground forces blew up an oil pipeline serving the west Iranian city of Tehran radio said Iraqi jets and artillery

pounded sections of Ahwaz, the Khuzestan provincial capital 75 miles (120 kms) north of Abadan, and destroyed a government building. It said anti-aircraft batteries shot down one Iraqi MiG and chased off others trying to bomb Iran's supertanker terminal on Kharg Island, 150 miles (240 kms) southeast of Sources in Amman, Jordan, said King Hus-

sein, Iraq's most vocal supporter in the war, flew to Baghdad for talks with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

A communique from the Iraqi command said Iranian air force fighter-bombers raided the northern Iraqi provinces of Tamim and Nineva at mid-morning Tuesday and one

plane was shot down by Iraqi jets. Meanwhile, the communique said 25 Iranians and three Iraqis were killed in the running battle for the bridges in the Khorramshahr-Ahadan axis at the southern end of the 300-mile war front during the last planes the AWACS, and then on the pilgrimage, had evoked strong reactions by the government and the people. King Khaled had sent him a telegram emphasizing the Kingdom's need for the planes to protect the country and its holy places.

By opposing their deployment, Qaddafi echoed the objections of other enemies, the King said, and turned himself into a "spearhead" against Islam and the Muslims.

The World Muslim League, the ulema, the press and the public hit back at him in a continuous stream of denunciation.

Group named to mediate in Gulf war

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 28(AP)- The 94-nation non-aligned movement алпоинсеd on Monday the formation of a seven-member' goodwill committee to huild a bridge of good faith" between warring Iran and Iraq.

Cuban Foreign Minister Isidoro Mal-mierca said Cuba, Yugoslavia, Algeria, Zambia, India, Pakistan and the Palestine Liberation Organization would serve on the

Malmierca flew into New York after visiting Iraq and Iran where he said he sought "to find a peaceful, political and honorable solution to the conflict" between two "nonaligned and brother countries."

In an address to the non-aligned movement's 34-member coordinating bureau, be said be had met with Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on Sept. 24 and Oct. 10 and with Iranian President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr on Oct. 4 and 20. He said be bad carried personal messages to them from Cuhan President Fidel Castro, chairman of the nonaligned movement.

Malmierca said "the results of those meetings bave shown us the usefulness of continto ing our efforts."

The coordinating bureau, with the consent of Iran and Iraq, agreed last Tuesday to set up he committee and authorized the PLO's U.N. observer, Zehid Labib Terzi, and Cuha's U.N. Ambassador Raul Roa to determine the membership.

Terzi told reporters the committee would consist of cabinet ministers. He said be thought amhassadors from its member countries would meet here Tuesday to discuss the

Malmierco told the coordinating bureau, "The imperialists seek to profit from the protraction of the conflict to strengthen their military presence in the area and this entails the risk of their intervention."

He named no countries, but added. "Those who sincerely want to see time end of the bostilities should not meddle in the affairs of the countries in that region, should not build up their military presence in the area, and should remove their fleets from the region."

Carter's struggle

Can the 'common man' hang on in U.S. politics?

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 (AP) - As a little known peanut farmer and former governor of Georgia who became presi-dent of the United States, Jimmy Carter seemed to personify America's cherished myth that anyone could aspire to the White House.

Carter offered himself as an outsider who would bring new ideas to a Washingtoo that was out of touch with America: a God-fearing man of the people, who would "give America a government as good as its people." Chastened by negative public ratings of

his performance and the difficulties of

forming a country at a time when war and

Deace played see-saw with each other, a less idealistic but increasingly pragmatic Carter campaigned in 1980. Many have doubted Carter's compe-

tence as a leader, but few have disputed his genius for winning elections. Waging a long and initially lonely campaign in 1976, he asked America "why not the best?" and narrowly defeated incumbent Gerald

When Carter dared last year that he would "whip" Sen. Edward Kennedy, it sounded like mere bravado. But Carter

in the early days of his term, Carter cultivated a folksy image. Jimmy, never James.

When be traveled outside Washington, he carried his own luggage, stayed in pri-vate homes and insisted on making his own bed. He wore blue jeans in the White House and lured reporters into namily baseball games in his home town. He is a born-again Southern Baptist who reads



President Carter

While Americans consistently regarded Carter as a decent man, the public's trust in his ability to lead fell to an all-time low of 19 per cent in 1979 according to an Associated Press-NBC News poll.

The seizure of the U.S. Embassy in Tehran last November, and the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan a month later, brought a patriotic surge of support for Carter. Claiming the stress of those crises, he refused to campaign personally against

Kennedy. Kennedy accused Carter of hiding behind the bostage issue, and attacked his economic record of rising inflation and unemployment. Carter attacked Kennedy's character, indirectly reminding Americans that the Senator had panicked in a car accident at Chappaquiddick, Mass., and that a young woman bad died.

When an aborted rescue mission in the Iranian desert on April 25 failed, resulting in the death of eight Americans, Carter's chances of winning re-election looked dismal. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance resigned in protest.

Amid the shambles, Carter declared the bostage situation had become "manageable" and that be could return to personal campaigning. He later said "manageable" was a poor choice of words, and critics noted that his return to the hustings came just in time for the final primary election campaigns against Kennedy. Carter started the general election

campaign far behind Reagan, who also made Carter's economic record his key issue. Carter fought back to make the race a virtual dead heat by depicting Reagan as triger-happy warrior with simple-minded As president, Carter remained an out-

sider in Washington, battling repeatedly

with a Congress controlled by his own

party, Congress killed his tax and welfare

proposals and nearly killed his plans to

his calls for military spending cuts with bigger military appropriations.

It was in foreign policy that Carter daimed his greatest accomplishments: the Egytian-Israeli peace treaty, the establishment of full diplomatic relations with China, the pending SALT II treaty with the Soviet Union, the treaty relinquishing control of the Panama Canal and the support of black-majority rule in Zimbabwe. But there were doubts about his competency in allied capitals, so much so that West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing staked out independent

The Camp David Accord of March 26. 1979, failed, for all its fanfare, to bring peace in the volatile Mideast, with the question of Palestinian autonomy the main stumbling block.

SALT II also plummeted. When Soviet troops entered Afghanistan last winter. Carter called it "the greatest threat to peace since World War IT' and asked the U.S. Senate to postpone consideration of the pact. He imposed a partial grain embargo on the Russians and led a 60nation boycott of the Moscow Olympics. Candidate Carter in 1976 promised a

This is the first of Axab News' two -par profile of major party candidates for the U.S. Presidency. In the Arab News weekend edition will be articles on Republican challengers Ronald Reagan and George Bush.

global campaign for buman rights, cuts in military spending and nuclear arms reductions. He told Americans to get over their "inordinate fear of Communism."

Stung by Soviet aggressiveness, Carter became an advocate of greater military spending and new weapons systems. But

Continued on back page.



Shunning historical VP role, Mondale becomes top adviser

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 (AP) -When be was chosen as Jimmy Carter's running mate in 1976, Sen. Walter F. Mondale wanted a promise that he would not play a purely ceremonial role.

He won the commitment, and Carter kept the promise. As the nation's 42nd vice president, Mondale and Carter established a working relationship which is unique in U.S. history. Mondale, 52, is one of Carter's closest

adviser. He receives the same briefing papers given to Carter, he is welcome to stroll into the president's office whenever he wishes, and the two men usually confer several times a day.

Carter once told an interviewer: "1

don't know anything that's been more

gratifying than to have | Fritz as vice presi-

Mondale has returned Carter's trust with unflagging loyalty. He spent more than 100 days campaigning across the country for Carter's renomination while

Carter, pleading the stress of the Iranian

hostage crisis and the Soviet intervention

in Afghanistan, stayed in Washington. If Mondale bas ever disagreed with Carter, those disagreements have been kept pri-

Mondale was one of the few key people in the Carter Administration with long

experience in Washington. At 32. Mondale became the youngest attorney general ever elected in Minnesota. Aided by his close relationship

with the late Sen. Hubert Humphrey, Mondale turned to national politics in 1966, winning the first of two terms in the U.S. Senate. Mondale was chairman of Humphrey's losing presidential campaign in 1968, and once thought of running himself. But in

1974 be was the first man to drop out of

the 1976 campaign, saying he lacked the " overwhelming desire " needed to win the nomination. Mondale's sense of humor and easygoing manner were effective tools in the Carter campaign, but Mondale also scored with sarcastic attacks on some of Ronald

Reagan's more outrageous statements of

By Council of Ministers

Qaddafi attack noted

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd Monday briefed a two-bour session of the Council of Ministers on Saudi Arabia's contacts and efforts to close ranks in the current political circumstances.

Cabinet Spokesmao Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani, information minister, said that the meeting discussed in detail the campaign launched by Col. Muammar Qaddafi against the Sharia (the law of the Koran) and the Holy Prophet.

Research center receives thanks for annotated map

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 — King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd have congratulated the Pilgrimage Research Center of King Abdul Aziz University in Jeddah for the annotated map they issued on Mena during this year's pilgrimage season.

The map was also admired by Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah and Interior Minister Prince Naif, according to the director of the center, Sami Angawi, quoted by Al-Medina Tuesday.

The map was particularly helpful to officials because Mena area changes every year as a result of the development and improvement programs underway, Angawi said.

To work out the map, an aerial picture of the area was taken oo the third of Du-al-Hijja and was reproduced the same day io standard size with the belp of the technical editing department of the Ministry of Petroleum and Mineral Resources. A roving team from the university theo gathered field information while using maps provided by the Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments. The team transcribed the information it collected on the master map.

Urea production up

DAMMAM, Oct. 28 (SPA) — The Saudi Arabian Fertilizers Company (SAFCO) produced 263,387 metric tons of urea from 1/1/1980 to 25/10/1980, with an increase of 22,146 tons over the same period last year, according to the company's director Said Khayyat. The company has gone beyond previous predictions and its production till the end of the year is already sold in advance.

blakel.		fines	
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It reviewed Qaddaff's attack and sarcastic remarks about the pilgrimage and agreed to take the occessary measures to face this malicious campaign and preveot the realization of the political targets underlying it. Prince Fahd conveyed to the Cabinet King Khalad's directives in this record.

Khaled's directives in this regard.

The Cabinet theo discussed the results of the administrative, security and technical arrangements taken during the Hajj season this year to enable pilgrims perform the fifth tenet of Islam as comfortably as possible. After listening to report by Minister of Interior Prince Naif, Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahlab Abdul Wasie, and Health Minister Dr. Hussein Jazaeri in this regard, the Cabinet paid tribute to the geouice efforts exerted by the various authorities in serving the pilgrims this year in an bonorable manner.

The ministers also expressed its appreciation for the efforts deployed by citizens who mobilized themselves as usual to serve the pilgrims. Prince Fahd thanked officials, those citizens, and pilgrims personally for complying with the Hajj instructions and contributing towards the season's success, stressing that this was made possible thanks to God and as a result of the instructions of King Khaled who was personally looking after the pilgrims' comfort.

Finally, the Cabinet was briefed by Minister of Finance and National Economy Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail oo his participatioo in meetings of the World Bank held in



George Marinos

HotelVIP arrives

JEDDAH, Oct. 28— George Marinos, vice-president area manager of the Sheraton management corporation, arrived here Monday on a visit to the Kingdom's Sheraton hotels.



Prince Mohser

Mohsen sends thanks

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) — Medina Governor Prince Abdul Mohseo ibn Abdul Aziz thanked Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie, minister of pilgrimage and endowments, io a reply to Sheikh Abdul Wahab's congratulatory message oo the end of this year's pilgrimage. Prioce Abdul Mohseo said that it was every individual's duty to make his best effort io serving the pilgrims.

io serving the pilgrims.

Ioterior Minister Prince Naif, chairmao of the higher pilgrimage committee, expressed his gratitude in a cable seot to Sbeikh Abdul Wahab. The pilgrimage and endowments minister seot a cable to Prince Naif thanking him for the efforts of the ministry's personnel. The members of the ministry were performing their duty by serving the pilgrims, Prince Naif said.

Endowments officials end Islamic conference

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) — The committee entrusted with following up the resolutions and recommendations of the Conference of Ministers of Endowments and Islamic Affairs wound up meetings here Tuesday and adopted the ageoda of the forthcoming conference slated for 14-16 Jumad Al-Thani in Amman.

The session opeoed Monday under Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowmeots Sbeikh Abdul Wahhab Abdul Wasie and Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al Harakan, secretary general of the Muslim World League and Safwat Al-Sagga, his assistant, as well as Kamel Al-Sheriff, the minister of Waqfa and Islamic affairs in Jordan, The meetings were also attended by Gen. Am Sbah, Indonesia's minister of Waqfs and Rafiq Natsha, the PLO representative to the Kingdom.

Meanwhile, Tunisian Interior Minister Idris Qiqa left for home Tuesday morning after performing the pilgrimage.

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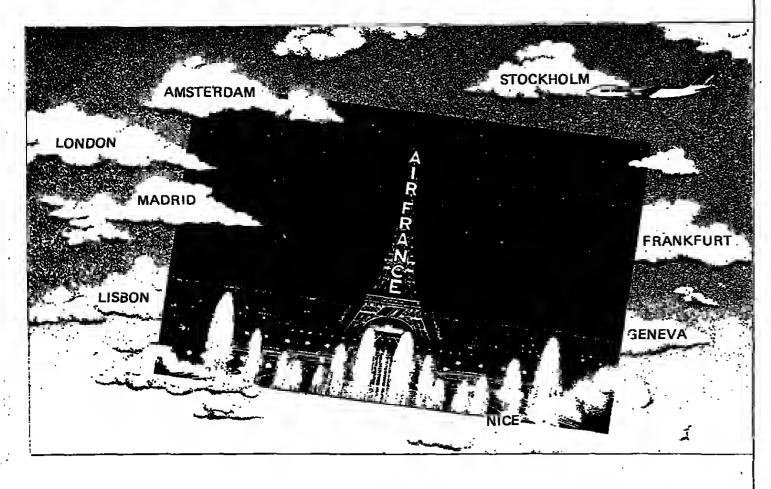


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Saudi Arabia receives commendations

addafi critics continue attacks

RIYADH. Oct. 28 (SPA) — Arah and Islamic officials from various countries continued to denounce Libyan President Muammar Oaddafi's attacks against Islam and Muslims.

In statements published by Al -Bilad newspaper Monday the officials strongly condemned the calumnies of the Libyan president and commended King Khaled's speech to the pilgrims and the call fur Jihad to liberate Jerusalem and the other occupied Arab

The statements were made by Dafullah Al-Hajji Yusouf, the Sudanese minister of education. Mahmoud Haroun, Pakistan's minister of interior, Idris Qiqa, the Tunisian minister of interior, and others.

In Beirut, Lebanese papers conduced to

Identity cards recalled RIYADH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - Saudis hold-

ing more than one national identity card were called upon to surrender the latest one they obtained to the nearest branch of the Civil Status department.

The Ministry of Interior fixed a three month deadline and said those whn will turn over their extra identity cards will be exempted from punishment.

BRIEFS

Farrug cables Khaled

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - Ahmad Farrag, secretary general of the Islamic States Broadcasting Organization (1S-BO), an off-shoot of the Islamic Conference, cabled the organization's thanks and appreciation to King Khaled, Monday, for the care and facilities extended by the Ministry of Information to information media delegations taking part in the Hajj season. He particularly expressed his gratitude to the King for the live television transmission of the pilgrimage rituals to the outside world.

Jizan gets social insurance

RIYADH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - The General Social Insurance Organization will set up a branch office in Jizan to apply the social insurance system in the area. The office will be the eleventh to be opened by the organization. There are four main offices in Riyadh, Jeddah, Dammam, and Abha and seven branches in Mecca, Medina, Qasim, Hasa, Jubail, Tabuk and Jizan. The offices serve some 1.5 million subscribers along with their families.

Bangkok line-opens

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) — Saudia, the Kingdom's national carrier, will operate a new direct air service twice a week between Riyadh and Bangkok. The two flights to and from the Thai capital will be on Wednesday and Saturday every week.

Exhibition to open

DAMMAM, Oct. 28 (SPA) - The Arts Committee will open the Third Cul-Hotel here shortly. More than 24 artists from the Eastern Province have contributed to the exhibition with a number of works expressive of life in the area.

Shuhaii to depart

DAMMAM. Oct. 28 (SPA) - The chairman of the General Rail-road Organization, Sheikh Faisal Al-Shuhail, will leave here Saturday on tour of three countries for talks on mutual cooperation on rail road service. Shuhail will start his tour with a 24-hour visit to Pakistan during which he will hold talks with officials on rail road service cooperation and exchange of information. The tour will take Shuhail to India and Australia where he will inspect the progress in the rail road

Public awards given

RIYADH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - Public works and Housing Minister Prince Miteb, acting minister of municipal and rural affairs, approved award of five projects totalling to SR17.42 million. The projects involving municipal and village complex works were awarded to oatiooal firms. They include temporary asphalong of the streets of Mujawira village complex in the Southern Region, and streets in Sarat Ubaidah, Tathlith, Mahael and

Desalt plants inspected

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - Agriculture and Water Minister Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Sheikh, chairman of the saline water conversion corporation, made an inspection tour of desalination plants in Jeddah Tuesday. Dr. Al-Sheikh inspected progress of work at the fourth phase desalination project that will have a capacity of 50 million gallons of water daily. In addition, it will produce 500,000 kilo watts of electric power.

condemn and denounce Monday the nral assaults of Libyan President Mnammar Qaddafi on Islam's holiest shrines.

The weekly Al -Ethnein (Monday) said it strongly regretted the suspicious and biased campaign launched by Qaddafi against Saudi Arabia, which works for the unity of Muslims and advocates dialogue in the Islamic world.

The paper expressed its astonishment with regard to Qaddafi's call on Muslims that they should stop performing pilgrimage," which is a heretic innovation that cannot go unans-

The magazine wondered wby should the shrines be involved in political fends and boped that the colonel would come back to reason and endeavor for the unification of Arab ranks instead of indulging in side bat-

The evening paper Sada Lobnan (Echo of Lebanon) also denounced editorially the calumnies and bes proferred by Qaddafi in his Eid-al-Adha speech. It said that the colonel is disregarding the important events plaguing the Muslim world to engage in such slander campaigns and publish ballncinations about an alleged takeover of the Kaaba and Mecca. People's attention should rather be drawn un the liberations of Palestine, the Golan heights. Jerusalem, Sinai, Gaza and the West Bank.

Meanwhile, Muhammad Yusuf Al-Muqairrif, a former Libyan ambassador in New Delhi and an ambassador in the foreign ministry, resigned from his post in protest to Col. Qaddaff's terrorist activities inside and outside Libya.

In a statement published Al -Bilad Tuesday, Muqairrif strongly condemned Qaddan's daring attacks un the principles of Islam, the boly Koran and the Propber's Sunna. "Nobody could predict the conditions io Libya, and the future if Qaddaff's rule, that jeopardizes the stability of neighboring countries and bomanity as a whole, continues in power," Mnqirrif said.

Despite early differences with Qaddaff's regime, Muqairrif held his post in bope of participating in righting the rule, the former

Ministry reaffirms hotel name ruling

RIYADH, Oct. 28 (SPA) - The Commerce Ministry's Hotel Department reiterated Monday that it will oot allow the use of foreign names for botels in Saudi Arabia, It issued a statement saying the Arabic language is rich enough to provide suitable names.

A ministry spokesman said that all requests by investors wishing to use foreign cames for their hotel projects have been rejected. The rejection came despite the fact that some of them already wrote foreign names oo their hotels to place the ministry before the fait accompli. "Wheo the latter will apply for a license, they will be compelled to select Arab names," the spokesman stressed, adding that they will be allowed, however, to add the names of the foreign firms that run the project if they wish.

Comment By Dr. Abdullah Hussein B

Al Bilad

Frequent car accidents are one of the major causes of death these days. If death is lenient, the victim is seeo losing some of his limbs and becoming a handicapped person. But life for such a miserable person must cot stop; it must go oo like the life of someone who lost the lower part of his body and the left arm in a traffic accident.

Despite the fact that he virtually became a half-bodied man, be used to smile, laugh and devote much of his time to literary and political subjects.

After regaining consciousness, he said, ne found that: what was lost was more than what had remained of his body. He felt grieved and cried and wished he had become nonexistent, for he thought that life was measured through the flesh and marrow of the body. But one day he realized that God wanted bim to live even though with onethird of the body left.

With the passage of time, the psychological crisis and the physical shock eased down. He regained self-confidence and strengthened bis belief in his Creator, then began a new life. His first feeling was that be found himself a completely different man having accustomed himself to the new situation. He said he used to feel miserable because be compared himself to others, but finally he convinced himself that he has to live with what is

It was a matter of gratification that he still could speak, hear and feel things. More significantly, he was still blessed with a thinking mind and a head which, at one time, he had wished to be crushed like the other parts of his body. The man proved that life is not as we imagine it in bone and flesh. It is an embodiment of thinking, happiness and an ability to use the senses and the remaining parts of the hody in such a way as though nothing is lost. Life becomes more pleasant when one derives contentment from the will of God and thanks Him for the blessed life.



daff's arrogance lost all the values of legality and reason Muqairrif said he reached the

He accused the Libyan president of hang-ing innocent Libyans shooting tens of beroic officers, murdering youths inside prison cells, assassinating Libyan citizens through mercenaries in some of the world's cities.

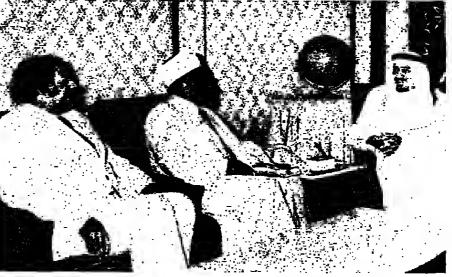
Mnqairrif be resigned and had joined Qaddafi's rule opposition for establishing a state in which every citizen be entitled to their dignity, rights and beliefs.

In the meanome, the Sudanese peoples council chairman, Al-Rashid Al-Taher Bakr, strongly denounced Qaddaf7's allegations against the Kingdom and his attack on the Prophet's Sunna and his disrespect for Muslims. The Sudanese official said the Saudi government's efforts witnessed at the pilgrimage was a great thing that deserves admi-

Taher expressed his regret for the irresponsible actions of Col. Qaddafi, and said that his comments on the boly places would nnt be said by a Muslim or an Arab.

Moroccan Ambassador Mubammad Al-Arabi Al-Ilmi, made a similar statement and described Qaddafi as an 'irresponsible person.' "Nobody can tell his motives or judge him," the ambassador said. He praised the Kingdom's services to pilgrims. "Saudi Arabia should be thanked for its great services and not savagely attacked," Ambassador Ilmi said. Meanwhile, Sheikh Saleh ibn Muhammad

Al-Najidi, assistant chairman of the Eastern Province courts, dismissed Oaddaff's calls to suspend the pilgrimage as 'nonsense and baseless." "Defying the Sunna means denying the boly Koran. Muslims are unanimouse on considering the Sunna a second source of Islamie judiciary," be said.



RECEIVING MUFTI: King Khaled receiving the Mufti of Mount La maled by the acting charge d'affaires in Jeddah.



FINALIZING AGENDA: Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahhab Abdul Wasie (third from left) with Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan, the secretary general of the Mecca-based Muslim World League) and other Islamic figures at the opening session of the follow up committee of the Conference of Ministers of Endowments and Islamic Affairs.

Educators to discuss regulations

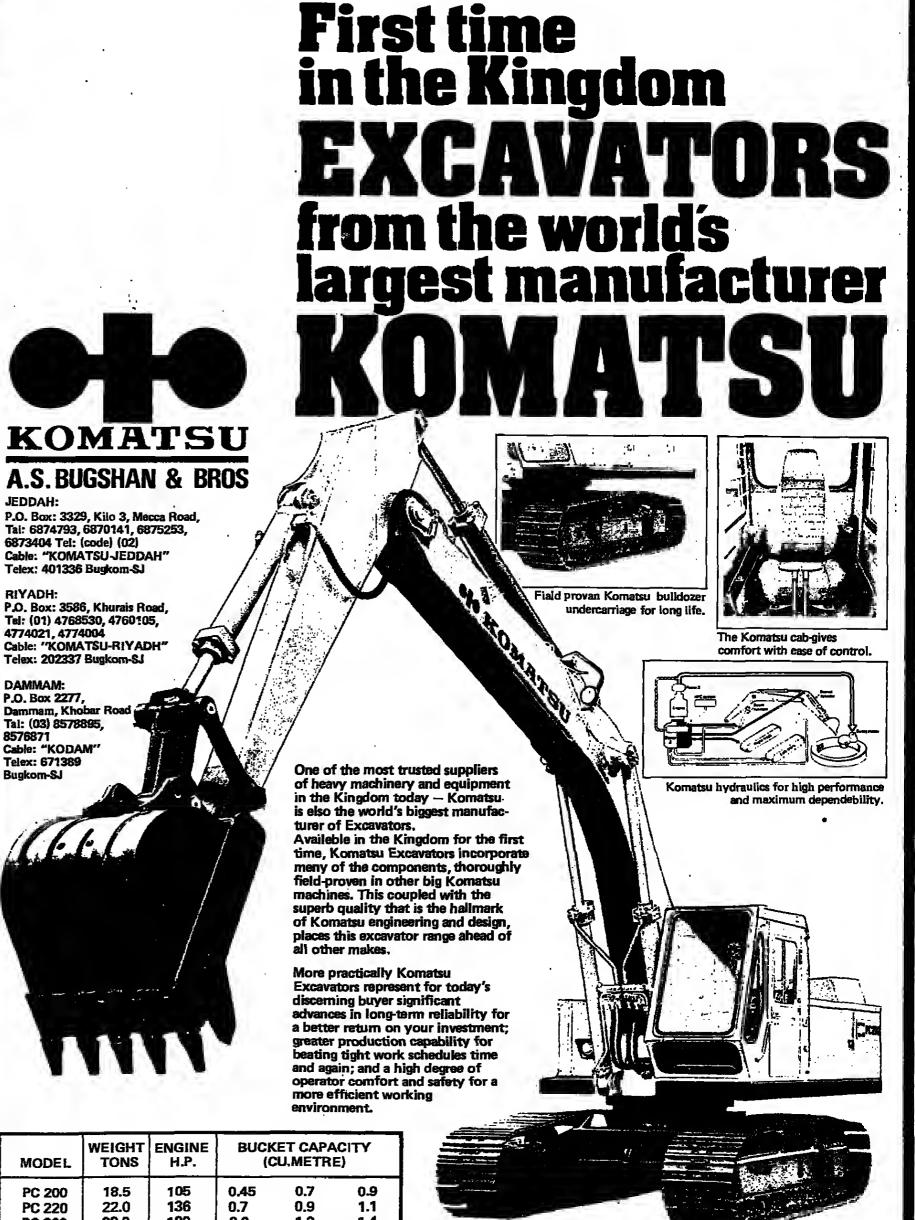
DHAHRAN, Oct. 28 (SPA) - The Arab Gulf Education Bureau's 30th session will open here Nov. 8 to discuss coordination of educacional policies of Gulf states. During the four-day meetings, organized by the Ministry of petroleum and Minerals of Dhahran, the bureau will consider projects and regulations implied by the situation of higher education in member countries.

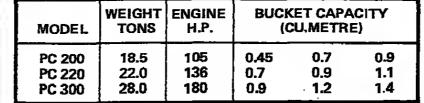
The delegates also will discuss issues related to coordinating the potentials of universides in member states. Uniting the admission policy of universities and transfer of students between them, will be discussed in addition to other issues regarding higher educaon in the region.

The session also will debate the drawing of a united draft for the scientifie degrees structure of universides' staff and their otles. The delegates will lay-down a schedule for exchange of visits between the universides of member states, and a program for cultural, scienofic and sports meetings among them.

The bureau will discuss coordination among higher studies insolutions in the Gulf states, and review the situation of bigher studies. The session will consider the issue of establishing an informatinn and studies center for Gulf universities and institutes. In addition, the delegates will discuss setting-up a publishing house, and review the rules of leading books between university public lib-

In addioun to the Kingdom, Qatar, Kuwait, Bahrain, Iraq, the UAE and Oman are taking part in the session.





Rightists

bombard

sources said.

Tyre, Sidon

Rightist gunners entrenched il in an area

along the Israeli border Monday shelled the

southern ports of Tyre and Sidon, wounding a

The sources said that about the same time

Israeli planes flew over the southern coast

apparently on reconnaissance missions and

shells fired on Sidon landed tin an army bar-

were met by anti-aircraft fire. One of three

soldier and damaging several houses, official

Turkey junta proclaims 'provisional constitution'

ANKARA, Oct. 28 (AP) - Turkey's ruling generals issued a seven-point "provisitual constitution" Monday that put their tiwn, retroactive stamp of approval on the Sept. 12 coup engineered by Gen. Kenan

The new document said nothing about the shape of a new, permaneut constitution or when it might be written. The statement also said nothing about a constituent assembly that has been promised to study and revise the permanent constitution.

The most significant portion of the simple, tine-page provisional constitution was section No. 3. It said the old, 1961 constitution would remain in force. However, the generals decreed, no one will be allowed to use that constitution to challenge their deeds on constitutional grounds.

The clause of the interim document appeared intended to both protect the generals once a new constitution is written and to

legitimize their actions since the coup. The generals have taken absolute power in this NATO-member nation. They have dishanded parliament, forbid political activities,

Qaddafi delays visit to Syria

DAMASCUS, Oct. 28 (AP) - Lihyan leader Muammar Qaddafi will not be visiting Damascus Tuesday and will set a "later date" for the scheduled trip, Arah diplomatic sources said.

The Lihyan leader was expected here Tuesday for more talks on the merger agreement between the two countries which was announced in September.

CAIRO, (AP) - Egypt and Israel Monday agreed that the Iran-Iraq war makes it necessary for both countries to overcome the problems blocking progress in the Middle East peace talks. The agreement was announced hy President Anwar Sadat and visiting Israeli President Yitzhak Navon after a two-hour meeting its the presidential Abdine Palace.

DAMASCUS, (AFP) — The Interparliamentary Arab Union began its work here Monday under the direction of Khaled Al Fahoum, president of the Palestine National Council. In addition to the Palestine Liberation Organization, 10 Arab countries are represented in the unitin.

BEIRUT. (AP) - Libya is claiming compensatiun from the West German government fur damages sustained during Wurld War II, the official Libyan news agency

assumed the top government leadership posts and taken over the legislative role of parlia-

In an accompanying explanation for the new provisional constitution the generals said they included section 3 "to show that there could be no debate on this document from the point of view of the 1961 constitution" drawn up after the Turkish military first grabbed power in 1960.

One section of the provisional document said that it would be attached to the old constitution as an amendment. That would seem to protect the generals from any legal retribution once they hand control back to a civilian

Western diplomats in Turkey said they were surprised that the document did not outline the makeup and duties of the constituent assembly. They described the provisional constitution as "dever" and said it was one way for the generals"to clarify the kind of amomalous legal situation" that had existed in Turkey since Evren toppled the

government six weeks ago. "It certainly darifies things and makes it certain what the generals intend to do The 1961 constitution remains in force and is quite liberal." one source said.

Before the provisional constitution was issued Monday the generals had been operating without a legal framework for their absolute rule.

"I would have expected this kind of document just a day or two after the coup," the source said. He said that it lacks any wording about a constituent assembly indicating the generals are having trouble finding suitable members for the hody. It is scheduled to he convened shortly after the new year and to be made up of many of Turkey's most prominent

reported Monday. The West German ambassador in Tripoli told, authorities his government would study the claim, the agency said. RABAT, (R) - Moroccan forces killed or wounded 250 guerrillas of the Algerianhacked Polisario frunt and destroyed or damaged 70 tif their vehicles in the Western Sahara Sunday, an official Muroccan source said Monday, Five Moroccans were killed and 30 wounded in the encounter, in which over 300

> ALGIERS, (R) - Spanish Socialist leader Felipe Gunzalez arrived in Algiers Monday night for a five-day official visit. He said un arrival that he would have talks with Algerian leaders on international issues, including the conflict in the Western Sahara, a former

guerrilla vehicles were destroyed, the source



Gen. Kenan Evren

Queen Elizabeth pays ceremonial visit to Morocco

RABAT, Oct. 28 (AP) - Oueen Elizabeth II and Prince Philip arrived Monday in Morocco on the final stage of their tonr of Italy and North Africa. The royal couple flew in from Algeria which has been at odds with Morocco for the five years over the fate of the former Spanish Sahara. Algeria provides bases and support for the Polisario guerrillas who are fighting Morocco for the independence of the territory.

Starting what was expected to be a visit largely devoted to ceremony, the Queen and . Morocco's Hassan II exchanged decorations when she arrived at the guest palace in Rabat late Monday morning.

Then she visited the tomb of Hassan's father, King Muhammad V, who won the nation's independence from France, and laid a wreath on his tomb.

An official welcome followed at the Moroccan parliament where Speaker Dey Ould Sidi hailed the ties between the two trations "which have resisted the vicissitudes of time and covered a broad spectrum of human relationships," and the cultural influence of Britain.

In a brief reply to the 264 deputies, the Queen said: "The British people are deeply attached to the principles of parliamentary democracy, Prince Philip and I are therefore delighted to have this opportunity to visit the parliament of a friendly state,"

Monday evening, Hassan husted a dinner

Egypt's mummies return to the vault

CAIRO, Oct. 28 (OFNS) - Visitors have been banned from the mummies hall uf Cairo Museum and the mummies are eventually to be reburied as a gesture to Islam. The 27 ancient Egyptian Pharaohs have been un continuous display since 1881, when they were brought to Cairo in Nile barges from the Valley of the Kings in Upper Egypt.

Now, as the result of a call by President Anwar Sadat, they will by returned to their original tombs, or collectively huried in a chamber built for the purpose. In a speech to a group of artists recently, Sadat called for the reburial of the mummies because their public display, he said, was against the creed of Islam and offended the nation's pride in its 7,000-year-old civilization.

Museum officials reacted with predictable haste to carry out Sadat's wishes, while warding off those critics who argued it was no husiness of the president to take such a proprietorial interest in cultural matters.

"He was reacting as head of the Egyptian family," says Muhammad Mohsen, soft-spoken director of the museum. "Believe me, he spoke for all of us, for our innermost feelings. After all you would not like your grandfather's body to be put on public exhibition."

Many Egyptians, however, find themselves unable to accept Sadat's reasoning at face value, although they agree some Orthodox Muslims might find the displaying of mammies to be offensive.

Sadat's other point-that the display of mummies is unacceptable for reasons of national dignity-also tends to evoke irony. The hard-pressed department of anti-



COFFIN: One of several Egyptian muramy collins to which the 27 ancient Egyptian Pharachs might be returned. Another alternative is burying them in a chamber built for the purpose

quities, sometimes with the help of foreign donors, has managed to save from destruction many of the important archeological monuments like the Nubian temples

near Aswan. Others, like the magnificent funerary ship of Cheops, which could also benefit from a little bit of local interest, are slowly disintegrating. Mass public indifference is the reason why the black market trade in stolen antiquities thrives, despite official

disapproval Against this background of apathy, the real aim of Sadat's speech can be seen more clearly in terms of its political implications. Ever since he took over as president, and more particularly since the peace treaty with Israel, Sadat has repeatedly stressed the grandeur and strength of the Nile Valley civilization.

racks while the others hit residential areas, A similar number of shells landed in Tyre causing material damage, the sources said. The rightists' "voice of hope" radio, monitored here, said they would continue to bombard the two cities until civilians it said were held while passing through Tyre were

The Palestine news agency Wafa earlier quoted a commando spokesman in Beirut as saying rightist gunners and their Israeli allies ioined in shelling Tyre and neighboring Palestinian refugee camps.

Meanwhile, Ain Rummaneh, a southeast suburb of Beirut, was calm late Monday after three persons were killed and seven wounded in the last 48 hours during clashes between rightist militants, a well-informed source

The area had been hadly damaged by heavy artillery fire by militants from the Phalangist and the National Liberal Parties,

Waldheim deplores

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 28 (AP) -"The secretary-general deplores the continuing cycle of violence and the resulting casualties," U.N. spokesman Rudolf Stajduhar said Monday when asked for Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim's reaction to a Jerusalem homb blast that wounded 15 Israeli soldiers.

"He tince again appeals to all the parties concerned to exercise restraint and to refrain from the use of force. Such incidents underline the need to proceed swiftly to a just and lasting and comprehensive settlement in the

The statement said nothing about the Palestine Liberation Organization which has claimed responsibility for blowing up the sol-

Waldheim, pushed by the General Assembly, has tried for the last few years to set up comprehensive Mideast peace negotiations involving the PLO but Israel has declined to

Weizman hit for 'interference' in U.S. elections

TEL AVIV, Oct. 28 (AP) - Israel's former defense minister, Ezer Weizman, said Tuesday that U.S. President Jimmy Carter had made "a giant contribution to Middle East peace" and was the target of "unfair criticism" from American Jews about his treatment of Israel.

Weizman was speaking to an Israel armed forces radio correspondent in the United States after traveling with Carter on the presidential plane to Cleveland, Ohin. The Israeli government was reported deeply displeased by what it saw as interference by Weizman in the U.S. presidential race.

But Weizman, reacting to a rebuke from Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, said "It seems to me that this is the U.S. foreign minister's problem, not the Israeli foreign

As defense minister, Weizman played a key role in the shaping of the U.S.-sponsored peace agreement with Egypt signed in March last year, and he told the Israeli radio "Presideat Carter made a huge contribution to the peace between us and Egypt." He said Carter showed "courage, wisdom and fairness."

Weizman said Carter invited him to juin him on his plane because "he wanted to talk with me". Their talk lasted less than an hour, Weizman said, and they parted in Cleveland, where Carter was to debate Republican candidate Ronald Reagan.

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Army is whole nation

Part-time soldiers keep Switzerland neutral

By Harry Trimborn

BERN, Switzerland (LAT) - "The Swiss do not have an army, they are the army." This comment in a government publication sums up Switzerland's oovel national defense program that makes virtually every male citizeo a soldier as well as a civilian for much of

The army is not really an army. It is a national militia io which civilian pursuits are inextricably iotermingled with the military duoes that the Swiss, virtually without excepdon, insist are vital to preserve the nation's independence and ocutrality.

The aim is to mobilize as large an army as possible as quickly as possible. Strategy is based on dissuasion - an effort to convince any potential enemy that it would be too costly to invade the country.

Switzerland has abandooed the redoubt theory of World War II, wheo it found itself surrounded by the fascist-controlled countries. That theory called for a military pullback in the event of an invasioo, abandoning the low lying, most populous areas to the enemy, and making a stand in the rugged interior regions. Now, the Swiss are determined to fight for every inch of their country from the moment an every sets foot on it.

The Swiss forces would be used for smallscale fighting at close range and for hit-and-

ores

, j j (, 6

ruo attacks designed to offset the expected superiority in men and weapons of any

"Whenever possible," a government study says, "close contact with the aggressor will be sought so that he will not be able to use his weapoos without endangeriog his own

The strategy of dissuasion and the concept of a "forward defense" are seen as Switzerland's best insurance against attack by convectional forces. Such an attack, the Swiss helieve, despite their tradition of strict ocutr-



AGE: Even after fifty, Swiss citizen-soldiers perform non-combat duties

ality, would come only from the Soviet hloc, and that would lead to general war with the Western nuclear powers on Switzerland's

Yet its determination to defend itself has hardly sumed Switzerland into a natioo of militarists. The armed forces have oo commander in chief. They are ruled by civilians in most cases they are also militia officers uoder Switzerland's committee form of government. The military establishment is part of the civil service, and consists of about 800 officers and an equal number of concommissioned officers whose primary functioo is to teach military skills. The standing forces, excluding those in recruit training. number about 3,000 at any time. Yet the militia is capable of fielding an army of roughly 640,000 men - about 10 percent of the population —in little more than 48 hours. Fully mobilized, Switzerland would have the equivalent of 15 servicemen for every square kilometer of national territory, the highest conceotratioo of military manpower in

Speed in mobilization is due in part to the practice of having every soldier keep his personal military gear close at hand. His Swissmade automatic rifle, 50 rounds of ammunition, uniform and knapsack are kept at home, ready for instant use. The equipment is his to keep, and many households have become tiny arsenals of weapons left by generations

Meo are eligible for military service for 30 to 35 years, theo join civilian defense ageocies for as long as they are able to serve. They are oo active duty for relatively short periods during that time, ranging from a total of 329 days for privates to up to 51/2 years for colThe figures can be misleading, however, for military duoes are often linked to a militiamen's civilian occupation and are sharpened in a variety of ways, often on the man's own time and at his own expense.

Oo the weekeods, thousands are out shooting on firing ranges scattered throughout the country. Many men assigned to Alpine units are also memhers of civilian monntaineering clubs. Skydiving clubs sharpen the skills of the paratroop unit.

Officers, especially senior officers, work on military matters at home or at their civilian

"A husiness executive who is a regimental commander needs a full-time secretary in his office lost to deal with his military duties." Rene Huber, an official in the national military affairs department, said recently.

Such off-duty work saves the country about \$2 billioo a year in military expenditures. Military spending accounts for only 1.9 percent of the gross national product, about half of the figure in neighboring France. Personnel expenses are reduced considerably by the fact the men called to active duty contin to be paid their regular salaries by their civilian employers. The government reimburses the employers for a small percentage of such payments.

There is oo controversy, as there is in the United states, over military pensions. The 16,000 professional military personnel receive regular civil-service pensio

Military service is not thought of as an obligation in Switzerland. It is considered a privilege that must be exercised, and anyone who fails to do so is punished. Also, because military service is oniversal, anyone seeking to avoid it is considered an outcast. There is, one official said, "tremendous peer pressure to serve, if only for social reasons."

Only the physically or mentally handicapped are exempted from service. Exemptions may be granted in special cases for limited periods for policemen, firemeo and others in certain occupations.

But there are no exemptions on religious or moral grounds. Conscientious objectors are tried by military courts and are usually sentenced to three to eight months in prisoo, according to Aldo Vela an official in the military affairs department.

After completing his seotence, the conscientions objector is again ordered to report for induction. If he refuses a second time, he is imprisoned again for a period of time that depends on the circumstances. After completing the second sentence the conscientious objector is exempted from service.

On active duty, soldiers cannot simply serve their time. Those deemed fit are required to accept promotion, which almost always means extra work, either at home or on duty, plus an extension of active-doty time. Also, anyone who is promoted must prove himself or be dropped back in rank, with the resultant social stigma. But little inducement is normally required in connection with promotion, especially among busioess and professional people. Despite the loss of civilian work time involved, companies are eager to have their employees assume higher rank - for prestige purposes. The country's strict views on military ser-

vice do oot come from any clique of narrow-minded military elitists. They represeot the wishes of the people as reflected in Switzerland's basic democratie institutions the national and cantonal parliaments that set military as well as all other public policy in this small nation.

over the oeed or size of certain defense expenditures, there is, acording to sources

here, no quarrel over the militia system.

It is a part of our traditioo and way of life, said a young Swiss who had just completed recruit training. "We must all be soldiers part of our lives if we want to keep our way of

There is only a minor role for womeo in what is sometimes called Switzerland's "semi-standing army." They can serve only as volunteers, in non-comhat jobs, in a women's auxiliary corps.

We think that women can serve in many more useful functions in national defense than firing a rifle" Huber said.

The semi-standing army, which is significantly different from the military reserve system in the United States and other countries, is divided into three major segments, based

The "elite force," oumbers about 300,000 and is composed of men 20 to 32 years old. This is the main combat force.

The Landwehr, or territorial force, which is composed of men 33 to 40. This is a secondary comhat force for deployment aloog the borders and in mountainous areas. It oumbers about 200,000.

- The Landsturm, or veteran reserve, for those 43 to 50 (officers serve to age 55 and, in special cases, beyood.) This force is used mainly for air defense and for surveillance duties in Switzerland's six territorial zones. The Landsturm numbers about 140.000.

Every Swiss male is eligible for induction at the age of 20, but many have had an earlier taste of military training through voluntary school courses and physical training exercises that have a direct military application. There is oo uniformed youth organization of the sort found in authoritarian states.

Huber said the government makes an effort to match a soldier's military assignme ot to his civilian skills. Family tradition is also taken into account. Many young meo wish to serve in the same units in which their fathers



YOUTH: Outdoor activities in Switzerland are good practice for military service

and grandfathers served.

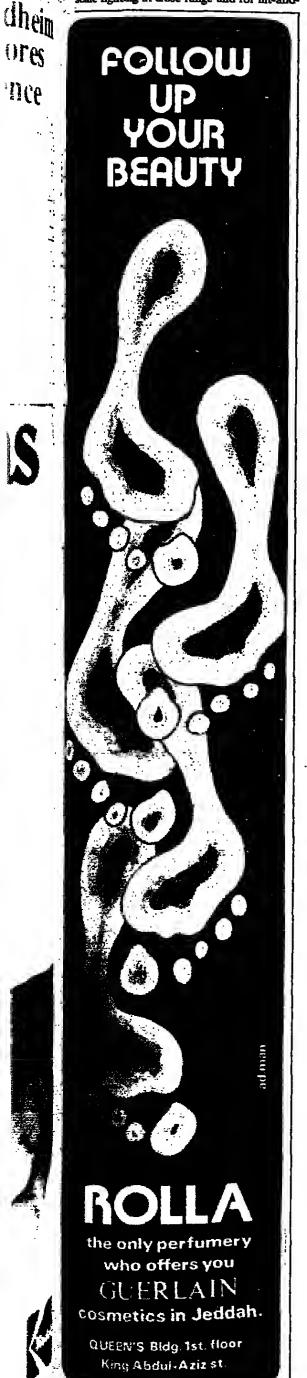
While serving io an elite unit, the soldier must have three weeks of training every year until he reaches the age of 32. The training is

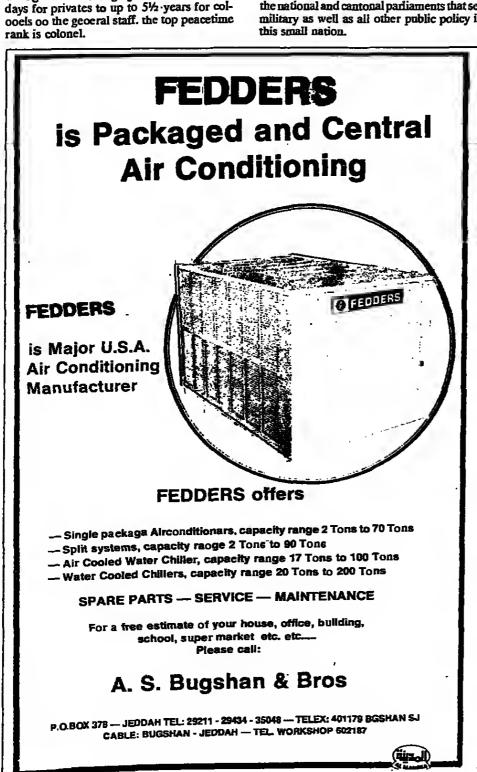
" The Swiss do a lot of training with live firing," a military attache at the U.S. embassy here said.

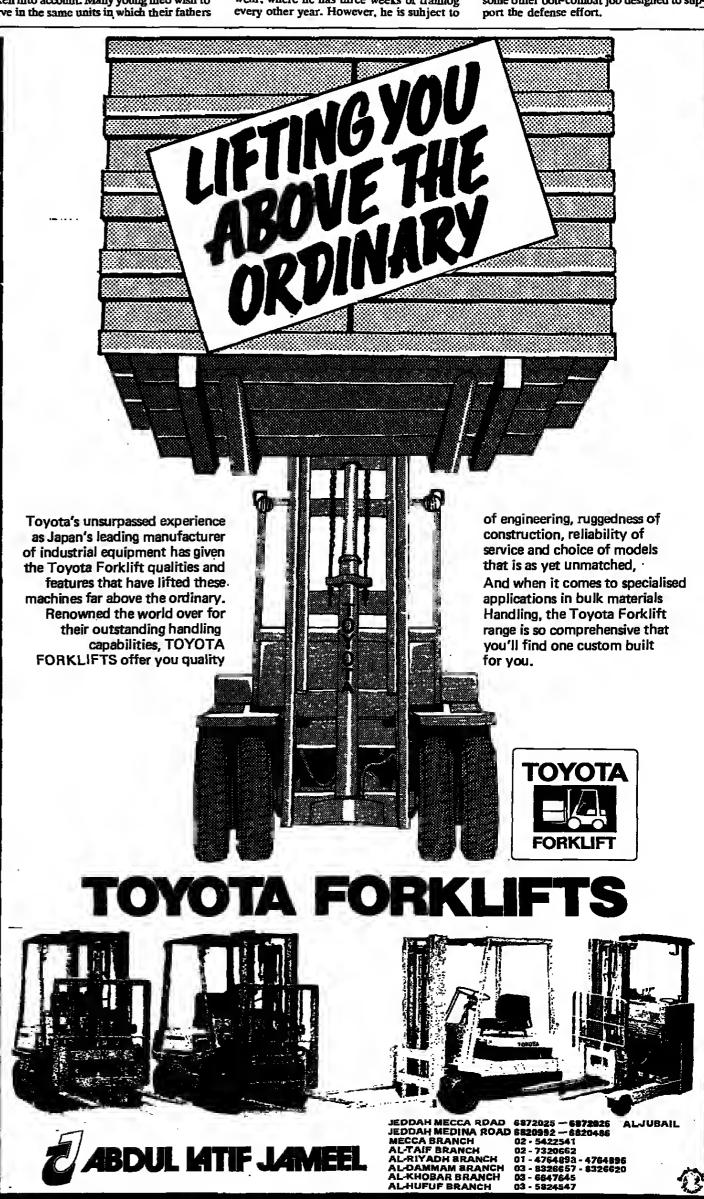
After reaching the elite forces age limit, the soldier is transferred to a less active Landwehr, where he has three weeks of training yearly inspectioos of his equipment and must pass an annual marksmanship test.

By the time he reaches the Landsturm, he is coosidered to have heen sufficiently trained and is no longer required to take part in maneuvers. However, his equipment is still iospected every year, and he must pass the marksmanship test,

After 50; the citizeo-soldier joins the large-scale civil defense program - to serve as an air raid warden, as a medical aide or in some other oon-combat job designed to sup-









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QADDAFTS ATTACKS

The main cause for the present weakness and confusion in the Arab world is that propensity to side-quarrels, to fabricated disputes, in which the only winner is, ultimately, Israel and the enemies of the Arab world in general. And it looks as if some leaders have made it their business to keep the pot on the boil. Their aim can only be guessed at. Unless, of course, it is simply to remain in the limelight.

As the date of the coming Arab summit approaches, the Arab nation waited anxiously to see whether, this time round at least, the leaders will approach their task - and a particularily grave and difficult one it is at present — with the minimum of unity of purpose which the current state of inter-Arab relations allows. Yet now, with Qaddaff's unprecedented outburst against Saudi Arabia, even this modest hope has been dashed. The efforts to compose Arab differences, already in progress in preparation for the summit, will find their task rendered even more difficult.

What was especially sad about Qaddaff's remarks was their breadth of attack, which took as object not only brother Arabs -- who are in any case not unused to his sudden outbursts -but one of the holiest activities in Islam: The season of pilgrimage itself, together with the millions of pilgrims who, yearly, demonstrate the deep spiritual unity of Islam as they congregate in Mecca, were subjected to insult.

The question is: In whose interests did Qaddafi launch his thoroughly unjustified attack? Was it in the interest of the Arab and Muslim worlds to aim such a violent blow at their unity, at a time so dangerous that all men of sincerety recognise that unity now comes before all else? Assuredly not. But history will tell why, at a time when some leaders where doing their utmost to transcend the narrow differences that fragment the Arab scene, others were doing their best to accelerate the disintegration.

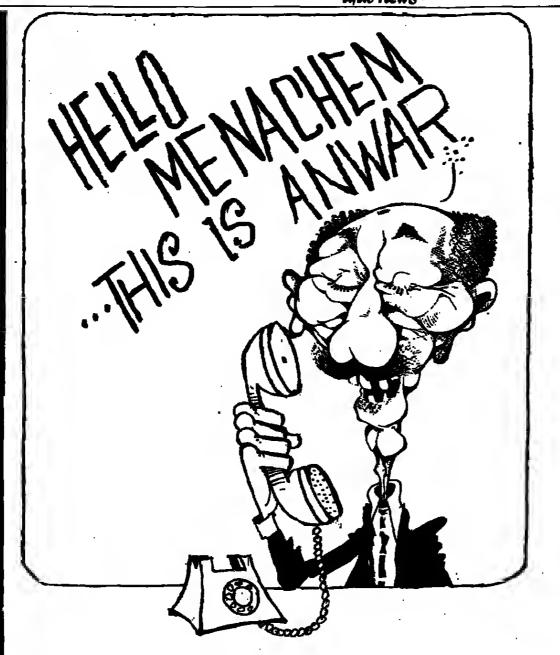
PALESTINIAN ANSWER

As Israel's president, Yitzhak Navon, flew into Egypt to a more than cordial welcome, the rest of the Arab world bardly registered a reaction. The sight of the Israeli flag fluttering across the Cairo skies, or that of Israel's leaders being feted in the biggest and most powerful Arab state as conquering beros, seem no longer to fill the Arabs with indignation and rage as before. Is it that the "normalisation" between Egypt and Israel has become accepted as part of the picture of the present Middle East?

The answer is a definite "no." It is only that the Arab world, with the war in the Gulf stretching indefinitely, and with Arab divisions around this issue as around others growing deeper by the day, has other matters to worry about. The only exception is the Palestinians who, in answer both to Navon's visit and the Israeli raids on Lebacon, carried one of their most daring operations inside Palestine. This was an operation precisely of the type the Israelis have been saying is no longer possible. As it was, the Palestinian resistance proved it could hit the enemy hard, and in the time and place of its own choosing.

Although the operation was carried inside, with no participation from Palestinians in Lebanon, it is certain that those Palestinians and the Lebanese will bear the brunt of Israel's certain revenge. Israel has never upheld any scruples about attacking the Palestinians wherever they can be found. It is immaterial to it that the operation did not originate in Leba-

The Israelis are in any case known to be preparing for a large scale offensive in the Lebanese South. They are expected to launch around the time of the presidential elections in the United States, so that there is no question of American interference. Since it is only the Americans who have direct leverage on Israel, the rest of the international community is expected to watch helplessly as it has done before, as Lebanese sovereignty is once more infringed and Lebanese and Palestinians are subjected to the brutality of the





Nasty moments for Reagan

By Anthony Holden

CLEVELAND, Ohio -"The president bas accused me of being irresponsible. Well, I'll confess to being irresponsible if he'll admit to being responsible...

"He says I don't know the difference between a recession and a depression. Well, I'll tell you. A recession is when your neighbour loses his job. A depression is when you lose your job. And recovery will begin when Jimmy Carter loses his job,"

We are in Reagan country with the man himself. In Idaho Falls, Idaho, a packed audience of the faithful is soaking up every syllable of its master's voice. Suddenly, from cowhere, a dark-coated stranger is running toward the podium, shouting: "Reagan! Hey, Reagan! I've got something for you

The ball freezes, as does the would-be president. There is an uncertain, appalled moment before the Secret Service heavies fall on the intruder like hounds on a bare. He is swept, feet off the ground through the nearest exit, his voice still ringing around the hushed hall: "No, no. You've got me wrong. I've got a letter for him. I've got a letter for Governor Reagan.

The crowd looks back to the podium, as if for reassurance. Reagan smiles. "Well." he says, despite all that I'll bet his letter gets to me quicker than it would through the post office."

The hall crupts; even the remaining Secret Service men register a visible flicker of amusement. The traveling press corps, long weary of Reagan's standard one-liners, stand to applaud a rare moment of spontaneity. The candidate wears his most modest, aw-shucks grin.

Twenty-four bours later, in an aircraft hangar in the Middle West, it bappens again. A crowd of 5,000 is in suspended animation following the awesome explosion of a TV arc light. They look back to the candidate, to see if be is still there. He waits -

time stands still - then says: "Missed me." From the outside, on the surface, the Ronald Reagan election machine is ticking along on schedule, exuding good-humored self-confidence

in the face of the worst the White House can throw at it. Reagan's easy manner on the campaign trail helps; he has come to be perceived as Mr. Nice Guy, the warmest, most buman of the three candidates. He also knows he is the most adept at manipulating

his audience, whether on television or in the flesh. But inside his traveling circus, as it hopped its way eastward through eight states last week, there arose a note of anxiety. They have wrapped their man in mothballs all this time, persuaded him to play it safe, avoid specifics, protect his slender lead. But there is one week to go, and Carter - as is the way of incumbents - is closing on it.

The president's politics of abuse may have backfired on him, but they have meanwhile worked their murky magic. The charges of "racism" have registered in the black community, crucial to Carter's

The charges of "warmonger" have registered strongly, it seems, among women voters, who constitute 51 per cent of the electorate. Timely federal handouts to the depressed industrial states are improving the president's private polls.

Off-stage, Reagan now concedes that he has two danger zones, which Carter is effectively exploiting. He has to work hard to assuage an ill-defined but pervasive fear of a Reagan presidency skilfully planted by the White House. Hence his proclamation last week, in his first press conference for more than a month, that "I would consider war the last the last - resort, and that our mission in the world is to protect the peace."

And he has to woo women voters, angered hy the Republican manifesto's abandonment of the Equal Rights Amendment. Reagan's week therefore began with the announcement, plucked like a rabbit from hat, that be intends to be the first American president to appoint a woman to the Supreme

As John Anderson's support ebbs-from 16 to 9 per cent in two weeks - so Carter's grows. Above all, from Reagan's even a third of the electorate, unusually high at this late stage of a campaign must tell against him. People tend, at the last moment, to vote for the devil they know.

There is, meanwhile, an almost palpable fear among Reagan's staff that Carter is cutting a deal with Iran. Last week, Carter referred pointedly to Iraq as "the aggressor" in the continuing Gulf war. The nation is awash with rumors of a bargain in the works: my spare parts for your hostages. The arrival of Iran's prime minister at the United Nations in New York recently did nothing to soothe apprehensions aboard Reagan's campaign plane, a chartered jet dubbed Leadership 80.

The West, by consensus, is Reagan's. The East and South-East, most of it, Carter's. The next president will be elected here in the heartland of America. Ohio is leaning toward Reagan, as are Pennsylvania, Michigan and Illinois - the great north western industrial belt. The other two great unknowns, self-contained anomalies both, are Texas and Florida, each at present 100 close for either candidate's comfort.

So it is to these six states that Reagan will now take his crusade to "get the government off your backs, and let the American people loose to do what you've done so well for 200 years." It is here that Carter will hold more shirt-sleeved town meetings, nammening away at "the fleed for peace" in the hope of keeping people's minds off the economy.

Reagan's lead is slender, and delicately poised. The nation waits, say newspapers wherever one goes, upon the dramatic last-minnte surprise the president will surely spring. The numbers game, in which commentators delight, will be fought "right down to the wire."

Yet the evidence, as I begin an election-eve Odyssey around these key states, is that the electorate is not quite so excited. Political meetings are poorly attended, people yawn when you pop the question around Main Street, bumper stickers -the traditional index of voter interest - are very few and far between.

The American people may yet make their point on Nov. 4 by registering a less than 50 per cent turnout — thus withdrawing, in effect, their consent to be governed by any of the presidential candidates offering their services for the 1980s. - (OFNS)

Castro haunts Jamaican elections

By Jeremy Taylor KINGSTON, Jamaica -

Gunmen have twice fired at Jamaica's embattled Prime Minister, Michael Manley, in the most violent election campaign the island has known. The first time was in his own constituency in central Kingston one fine Sunday morning; the other was in the constituency of Manley's national security minister, who has also been shot up there: A former prime minister, Hugh Shearer, was

attacked in his own car with a spear gun. And more than 400 people have been killed in Jamaica since elections were announced in February, most of them by gunmen or security forces.

The elections on Oct. 30 will, hopefully, bring an end to the bloodiest and most agonizing period the island has seen in its 17 years of independence. Constituency offices, police stations and party gatherings have all come under fire as the deadly war of intimidation is fought out in Kingston's rundown suburbs.

For the first time, gunmen have appeared in paramilitary uniforms, moving with military precision on political targets. The bitter rivalry between the two main parties, who are almost evenly bar anced and fighting over the 15 or 20 per cent of the electorate which wavers, has affected even the sec-

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Several soldiers were implicated in a mysterious right-wing coup attempt in June. In July, army and police put under joint command with sweeping powers of search and detention, so bold had the gunmen become.

The violence routinely intrigues the visiting reporter, auxious for macabre local color, but, bad as it bas been, it is not the real story in Jamaica. It has not even spread much beyond a few pockets of central Kingston, where urban decay, unemploy-ment, and partisan geography are most dearly marked. The real struggle is ideological, for Jamaica is widely seen as the pivot on which the rest of the Caribbean may swing.

Manley is basically a Social Democrat whose rul-

ing party, the People's National Party, has a powerful radical left-wing. Since 1972, be has established himself as a Third World spokesman, a nonaligned enthusiast, keeping his distance from Washington, warm toward Castro's Cuba, tough on transnation-

His rival, Edward Seaga, leader of the Jamaica Labor Party, is a right-wing pro-American figure with a reputation for financial expertise. The JLP itself is strongly influenced by its right-wing business faction; Seaga advocates a strongly influenced by its right-wing business faction; Seaga advocates a strongly pro-Western, pro-capitalist line, and an active campaign to attract foreign investment to the island as a key to curing its chronic economic para-

Neither programs looks particularly workable. After a three-year involvement with the International Monetary Fund, which has driven down Jamaica's living standards without producing economic recovery and has left the island with a bigger foreign debt to service than its total export earnings can cover, much of the mud-slinging is about the prospects of recovery.

Thar is why Manley called elections more than a ear early, after breaking off negotiations with the IMF in March, Manley is arguing for a non-IMF path, relying on finance from friendly governments and an all-out attack on productivity and exports.

Seaga is basing his campaign largely on charges of mismanagement by Manley, and on his own standing in the financial world, despite criticism of the validity of his invest-by-invitation strategy. Seaga has already had his own contacts with the IMF, m anticipation of an election victory, and would probably return to the IMF swiftly in the face of near depleted resources. Manley, to cheers from the Third World, has been much more critical of the IMP's role, though some financial sources insist that

he would have to return to the fund too, if he won. Seaga has been leading in the opiniou polls all year, but in recent weeks Manley has been closing the gap fast, and still has a chance of winning at unprecedented third term. But there is no secret that Washington would like Seaga in power m Jamaica, and a regime much less soft on Cuba, which is only 90 miles away.

A Seaga victory — particularly if followed by a Reagan victory on Nov. 4 — will put renewed pressure on the Cuban-backed revolutionary government in Grenada. It will further demoralize the Caribbean left, which has suffered a series of humiliating defeats in eastern Caribbean elections in the last year, and is under strong pressure in Guyana (OFNS)

Newspapers Tuesday mostly led with reports of the large-scale resentment over Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi's remarks against Saudi Arabia and the Pilgrimage. They highlighted the King-dom's decision to confront Qaddafi and foil his criminal objectives. In a headline story, Okaz reported that the Syrian Muslims have urged President Assad not to receive Qaddafi in Damascus. while Al Bilad reported in a lead that the Iraqi forces save destroyed two rocket bases in Iran.

In a front-page story, Okaz said the Arab and Islamie states are considering severing of diplomatic relations with Libya. The paper also frontpaged Jordanian King Hussein's sudden arrival in Baghdad for the second time since war broke out between Iraq and Iran. Newspapers used as page one story Iran's admission that Khorramshahr has been "isolated" from the rest of the country. Al Bilad gave broad front-page coverage to the Ulema's condemnation throughout the world of Qaddafi's attack on Islam and Muslims.

In an editorial on Qaddafi, Al Riyadh noted that he may not be the last on the blacklist of leaders who have appeared on the stage of events in the Arab world. It added that the existence of such a dictator is an exception in history and in the struggle of mankind for development. The paper scoffed at the idea that a man like Qaddafi should think of obliterating all civilization and culture and installing himself as a legislator only because of his own conviction that he is better than all previous leaders and legislators who have passed through the his-

tory.

Okaz observed that the large-scale condemnation of Qaddaft's remarks confirm the extent of scorn the Muslims have felt toward this man who has become a tool in the hands of the Communist forces. Qaddafi's deviation from the right path shows the beight of his loyalty to anti-Islamic forces, it said, adding that his campaigns against the Kingdom would be ineffective because they are based on lies and deceit. The paper hoped that the Libyan people's adherence to the faith would be instrumental in bringing him back on the right

On the same subject, Al Jazirah noted that Qaddafi has succeeded in pleasing the Zionists by creating yet another side battle in the Arab and Islamie world. His attacks on Saudi Arabia will only serve

Marx, Lenin and Stalin who always try to trap the weak-spirited people through whom they launch their vile campaign against Islam and Muslims, the paper said. It added that Qaddafi has succeeded in appeasing his superiority complex, for a man like him considers denunciations and attacks as a personal gain and a big victory.

Al Medina said in an editorial that Qaddafi's denunciation at the Arab and Islamic level proves the fact that Muslims have clearly understood the gravity of such a horrible dissension. The great upheaval in the Arab and Islamie world against the remarks of the Libyan leader convinces that the faith is still held secure by righteous and conscientious people who have pledge to God to defend the faith. The paper thought it was time for Islamie diplomacy to realize the aspirations of Muslims by discarding all contradictions and working in earnestness to provide full defense to the Islamic faith.

Al Yom said that Qaddafi's behavior has exposed him before the world, as he has challenged every norm and sublime value and stabbed the hearts of Muslims of the world. However, the paper felt convinced that Qaddafi would not bave ventured to behave in this manner if he were not incited by the secret forces which goad him to play such a destructive role. It urged the Libyan people to remain steadfast and to confront every challenge that is thrown before their Islamie faith.

Al Nadwa condemned Qaddaff's accusations, saying be himself is aware that he is a liar and is fabricating things against God and his Book. The paper blasted him for trying to separate the link between the Holy Koran and the Traditions of the Prophet Muhammad. It declared that the divine law cannot be altered, and if it is so done, it would be an act of infidelity and deviation.

The paper regretted the prevalence of dissension and rifts among the Arabs and said colossal efforts would have to be made to eliminate such evils. Referring to the projected Arab summit conference in Amman next month, it held the view that its postponement for a month or more would not matter much, but would provide scope to those who are earnestly trying to "extinguish the fire here and there in the Arab world. The paper endorsed the view that the seven-party committee form a separate committee to eliminate differences and to agree on a new date for the summit.



محداصارس

With new models and new blood

Car giant wakes to fight Japanese rivals

By James Flanigan

DETROIT (LAT) — The words of Alex C. Mair, bead of technical staffs at General Motors Corp. and therefore a very high ranking executive, are momentarily arresting. But the sentiment is quickly, and sadly, familiar.

"1 can tell you that 20 years ago if you

"I can tell you that 20 years ago if you asked anybody who was the leading automobile company in the world, everybody would have said Chevrolet and it was true. Peopte from foreign automobile companies would come to look at our plants and our engineering. Recently though, we've been going to see how they do it. We go to Japan..."

What changed? Mair has no real answer. But he tries to lay blame on an amorphous decline of the national spirit. "It's a national thing," he says. "We got rich enough to decide not to be the best."

Mair's gloom is excessive. Just as the currently fashionable mourning over the terminal ills of American industry is premature, so Detroit's view of the national spirit is more alibi than accurate.

American companies hold the leading edge of technology in pharmaceuticals, biosciences, telecommunications and practically everything to do with oil and natural gas. From environmental science to agricultural know-how — and blue jeans — America leads the world.

And, although it is in the red so far this year, the true picture of General Motors is that of an awakening giant. In recent years, GM has been doing the right things.

Internally it has been saying by its actions

lions

year paid its shareholders \$1.5 billion in dividends and still generated \$4.5 billion for reinvestment in the business. It is spending dlrs 40 billion over the next five years to establish clearly its supremacy in the world automobile industry.

The numbers seem dannting, but not everybody is daunted by numbers. Hideo Sugiura, executive vice president of Honda Motor Co., was quoted recently as saying: "The amount of money they are spending really doesn't bother me. In my country the quality of products and the productivity of workers depend on management. When Detroit changes its management system, we'll see more powerful American competitors."

Strong words, and attacking GM's special pride — its management system. Before GM was a leading maker of cars it had to become a triumph of management science — the modern discipline that author Peter F. Drucker calls the most significant contribution of this century to the history of the world, and that Harvard Business school historian Alfred D. Chandler Jr. calls the unique American contribution to the world.

The methods by which professional managers organize and guide enormous, far-flung economic enterprises have developed only in the last century. Business management was much more catch-as-catch can when the modern GM was formed in 1920. At that time, General Motors was five enterpreneurial companies, each investing in its own way, pulling in its own direction. The lack of organization almost led to bankruptcy in the postwar slump of 1920. Members of the Dupont

War II), the front-end suspension, which made for the comfortable ride that became synnnymous with American cars. GM developed anti-knock gasoline, durable paint finishes, and adapted the diesel engine to automotive use.

Is it any wonder that GM was the model corporation Drucker wrote about in 1945 in his pioneering book on management, "Concept of a Corporation"? GM's superior organization and production abilities had belped win the war — it was the very symbol of American success.

But by the late 1950s, Drucker was no longer calling GM the model, because it was not changing as the world was changing. Today the Austrian-born management expert is impatient with most criticism of GM, finding it superficial. But he does identify two basic mistakes. One is that the company "has been dead from the neck op in public relations since the 1937 sit-down strikes, when the United Auto Workers occupied a GM plant until the company agreed to negotiate recognition of the union.

Public relations may seem like a small

Public relations may seem like a small thing, but GM's grand capacity in speaking about itself may bave burt it in several subtle ways — most notably in its response to the rise of consumerism in the 1960s. The company today is bending over backwards to attract the brighter young graduates to work for it. It must convince them, says Alex Mair, that exciting work is going on at GM. The years of poor public image make that difficult.

But the other mistake cited by Drucker is far more central and serious. It is nothing less, he says, than "a grievous and total misreading of the world economy." After the war, following some debate on whether the company should even bother, GM resuscitated Adam Opel AG, the German automobile company it had acquired in 1927. Until 1978, it left Opel to run pretty much as a German car company, with overseers sent out from Detroit, It did not integrate its international and domestic businesses. As Drucker puts it, if an executive was sent to Opel it did not mean a promotion — it meant be had missed out on the big jobs, which were in Detroit. In contrast to Ford, GM brought no Euro-

peans into its management structure. GM played fortress America just at the time when farsighted corporations like IBM were developing talent of whatever netionality to work for it in the global market.

The most successful automobile company outside the United States today is Ford, not GM. It is Ford because during the 1960s then Ford president Arjay Miller integrated the company's domestic and international operations — precisely the move made by GM in 1978. Miller, recently retired as Dean of Stanford University's business school, recalls that time:

"When I became president, you had Ford of Germany and Ford of England. Bot I set up Ford of Europe. It was a move questioned by GM and the industry but it was a good idea. We got a common body and it took a bell of a lot of cost out by having a common car for Ford in Europe."

Miller went beyond that. He abolished Ford's international division, the corporate pigeonhole in which all "foreign" matters' were dealt with. "It became clear to me that the toughest problems were in international but they were working with the second team," he says. "The U.S. financial guy was better than the foreign international guy, the U.S. marketing guy better than the foreign and so forth. We just eliminated that separation."

It was a move of good management. The result today is that Ford's international operations are making the profits that are saving the company, which is losing money domestically.

But because of the lack of such a management move — "In all candor, we haven't been as good in the international area as our competition," says current GM chairman, Thomas A. Murphy — GM's perspective was skewed so that it failed to adapt to changed market circumstances back bome in the States.

GM was left the U.S. market, which by 1960, with one car on the road for every three Americans, had come close to saturation. That means that car sales were, in effect, largely replacement sales. In a replacement market, a company's sales and earnings could grow with the increase in population—under 2 per cent a year—or to the extent it could take sales from competitors or to the extent it could extract a higher per-unit price from the

The last approach, an adaptation of the original Sloan marketing system, proved to be the U.S. automobile industry's strategy for the 1960s. It was called "more car per car." It is summed up pithily by a former top auto executive as: "You put in a clock that costs \$10 and charge \$30 for it."

The overseer of the strategy at GM in the late 1950s was still Sloan himself. He remained as bonorary chairman until his death, at 91, in 1966. And his influence, men who know say, discouraged fundamental changes by GM until recent years.

Australians gather

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 — Australian women resident in Jeddah are invited to attend a coffee afternoan at the bome of the Marilyn Jamieson, the wife of the Australian Trade Commissioner, on Saturday. The coffee afternoon is a regular gathering held on the first Saturday of every mmth. Anynne wishing to attend should contact Mrs. Jamieson on 667-3282.

Garden Club meets

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 — Jeddah Garden Club ladies will meet Nov. 4 at 1:30 p.m. at Mrs. Florence Knox's bouse in Alireza 6 house compound, off Palestine Road. The meeting's topic will be "dried flowers." For more details call 6675278.

What seems to have happened is that both GM divisional managers and the central staff riveted their attention on the very short term.

Why was this?
Well, one reason, although not explaining all of GM's moves, could be that GM executives are awarded bonuses based on the current year's profits. These bonuses sometimes equal a year's salary. This is basic policy.

Now, no GM executive will admit to thinking short-term just because of the money. But it would be human nature to do so and the fact remains that "more car per car" was undeniably a good, money-making strategy for the short term.

High-powered "muscle" cars sold well in the 1960s, Detroit (GM with the Chevrolet Corvair) brought out its first "small" cars in 1960 — to check the advance of the Volkswagen Beetle — but soon built them up in size, weight and expensive options.

Toyota and Datsun, and later Honda, initially offered truly small cars, then later in the 1970s expanded their offerings with a variety of models and price ranges. But all along the line they were smaller than the American automobiles, and that suited the American taste, as the 1970s brought a new emphasis to energy.

The American carmakers had to respond, both to meet the Japanese threat and to meet U.S. fuel standards, and to its credit, GM was the company above all that did respond — starting with a decision made in 1974 to "downsize" all its cars. Thomas Murphy, who joined GM in 1938 straight out of the University of Illinois, recalls that time with emotion:

. "Back in 1974, people thought the automobile industry had bad it. A lot of people in the industry said the golden age had passed. But God bless him, my predecessor (Richard Gerstenberg, chairman from 1972 to '74) made a hig decision."

Murphy pauses, touches his steel-rimmed spectacles, and continued. "We made a decision at that time to bring two vehicles into our product array — the Chevette, lower in size and weight than anything we bad made to that time — and the Seville, designed to take on the Mercedes and those other luxury imports. We also launched a program to remake every other vehicle we manufactured, to start at the top end and take the whole thing down."

The Chevette and Seville were brought out in 18 months because they used designs already existing in Europe. Thus those cars became the genesis of a commitment by GM, isolated no more, to build a world car — a single style of automobile for every market in the world.

GM's "I" cars, as they are now named,

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COMPETITION: The compact Volkswagen Golf

debut next spring in the United States, in Europe and in Japan where Isuzu mntors — 35 per cent owned by GM — will carry the

battle to the Japanese on their bome ground. From that standing start in 1974, GM has come far and fast. In 1975, a poor year for the business overall, Murpby, who had become chairman, kept the spending program going for GM's X-car—the designation the public knows now as the Chevrolet Citation, Pontiac Phoenix, Olds Omega and Buick Skylark.

The truth is, GM asleep at the wheel was yesterday's story. The up-to-date version is GM off the dime. Years of comparative lack of innovation now ended, every one of GM's gasoline-powered 1981 cars carries a microprocessor (microcomputer) in the engine to control fuel usage and emissions. For Japanese cars such innovations are a year or two

Alex Mair brings students these days to GM's sprawling technical center and sends them back to tell their schoolmates of the exciting engineering research going on there

exciting engineering research going on there.

GM is spending \$3 billion to build or remodel six assembly plants in the United States, \$2 billion more to build new car and engine production facilities in Spain and Austria. One reason it is losing money this year is the level of expenditure to ensure its

supremacy tomorrow.

This is also Murphy's retirement year, His successor Roger B. Smith, is already named. GM will probably report a loss for the whole year. Does that bother Murphy? "I'm not going to lie awake nights thinking about that," he says, "We're not in business for today, or for just tomorrow. We're in husiness forever," The focus of management, once again, is on the long term.

So what of Sugiura Honda's statement that unless Detroit changes its management system be has nothing to fear from American products? He is referring to the well-published higher productivity of Japanese workers compared to American factory workers (absentecism costs GM \$1 hillion a year, says its personnel man).

Once again, the surprising truth is that GM has been changing its plant management practices. It's a slow process admits Stephen Fuller, vice president personnel administration and development. "We are trying to give people in General Mntnrs new dimensions of responsibility, so that they will be more responsible," he says. What that means in plain English is that GM is trying to build up its employees' self-respect by showing them

that the management respects them.

Fuller was brought into GM in 1971 from Harvard to help implement the company's quality-of-work-life program. Basically the program recognizes that the authoritarian policies that ruled their immigrant or share-cropper fathers and grandfathers won't do for today's high schoold-educated workers.

The company is solving the problem. Fuller explains, by hreaking work units into teams of 12 or so, giving individuals more responsibility. He reports absenteeism down from 12 per cent to 1 per cent, scrappage rates reduced and productivity increased dramanically in plants where quality of work life has been implemented. "People do respond to good leadership," he says, "although quality of work life has nothing new in it. What is new is a recognition that given the changing nature of the work force, new approaches have to be undertaken, and the old way of managing is no longer acceptable and is totally ineffective."

He is currently bringing GM around to the recognition that layoffs during slack times are more costly than keeping the people employed. With supplementary unemployment benefits — contributed by the company—the cost of keeping the people on could be as littel as 5 per cent of pay. The cost of laying off, says Fuller, is incalculable because you don't get the good ones back.

Clearly, the message is, GM is changing, And just as it takes time for the United States to adapt to a changing world, so it takes time for one of its symbolic institutions to do so. The loudly proclaimed funeral of U.S. industrial vitality will have to be postponed.

TRAFFIC: Today's conditions call for economy, not performance.

that past policies didn't measure up and new ones must be tried. For nine years it has been quietly reforming its personnel policies, specifically working on the quality of work life at its assembly plants where absenteeism gets up to 12 per cent of the work force on any given day — 30 per cent on Mondays.

For seven years it has been downsizing its gas-guzzling automobiles, bringing out cars like the Chevrolet Chevette and itation — the largest selling cars in the United States this year and last — and the Cadillae Seville, which runs neck and neck in sales with all 11 models of the luxury invaders, Mercedes.

For the last two years it has been making an open effort to finally be at true competitor on the only market that exists today — the global market. GM is transforming itself from a company whose interventional efforts once were best described as afterthoughts into a worldwide supplier of cars.

Change is hard, and it is especially so for a company like GM because flaws must be acknowledged in a management system that used to be called a model. To understand what happened we must step back and see just what General Motors is and what it means to the industrial history of the beneat

First of all, it is big — the world's largest manufacturing company. GM's \$66.3 billion in sales last year was greater than the combined sales of the top four foreign carmakers: Fiat, Volkswagen, Renault and Toyota. GM's \$2.9 billion net income was almost treble the combined profits of Volkswagen. Toyota and Nissan, maker of Datsuns. (Fiat and Renault lost money). GM's \$53,000 employees equaled the combined totals of VW, Renault, Toyota and Nissan. GM, until this year, produced more cars than the entire Iapanese industry. The company is determined to recover that distinction.

ithed to recover that distinction.

It has the capital for an epic battle. GM last

family, of Delaware and Chemicals, and a 45-year-old engineer named Alfred P. Sloan Jr. organized modern GM out of that chaos.

Sloan, who died in 1966, told in his book, "My years with General Motors." how he struck a balance by devising a central office to control the five semi-autonomous divisions. In that way the company benefited from the independent thinking and market knowledge of the divisional managers, but was preserved as a single entity because a central management apportioned capital and set long-term policy. An accounting master named Donaldson Brown who came to GM from Dupont developed an intricate system of financial controls, assigning to each division an expected return on investment, depending

This system of differential expectations fitted right into the grand strategy that Sloan perfected later in the 1920 — that of five different car makes, selling in five different price ranges to meet what he perceived to be a national market segmented by income and taste. We know the five, of course, as Chevrolet, Pontiac, Oldsmobile, Brick and Cadillac. The company made more money on each Cadillac but sold fewer of them-less money on each Chevrolet but sold them in great volume.

on its special circumstances.

Stoan read the market right. By 1926 GM passed Ford in sales and from then on was America's no. 1 automobile company. Henry Ford had provided the Model T, a basic, low-cost vehicle. But the market moved away from him to the higher-priced GM cars that offered style and color. It was a lesson the world automobile business never forgot.

Of course, GM cemented its dominance by more than styling. In the 1930s, the great technical innovations all came from GM: the bigh-compression engine, the automatic transmission (introduced widely after World

handicapped, telefunken also has a "talking

thermometer." a calculator for the blind with

a braille output feature, a calculator with a

very large display for the visually handicap-

ped with some sight left, a telephone service

to help the blind in placing calls, a carpenter's

level with an accoustie indicator and a tape

recorder tailored to the needs of the hlind.

"Understanding nne another — living with nne annther!" This will be the motto in the

Federal Republic of Germany for the Inter-

national year of the Handicapped which the

United Nations has declared for 1981.

Computer helps blind read FRANKEIDT-AM-MAIN. Oct. 28 - In its range of products for the visually

FRANKFURT-AM-MAIN. Oct. 28— (INP) A new device developed by the German company AEG-Telefunken to aid the blind is attracting a great deal of attention. The new computer controlled device is capable of reading line for line books and individual sheets of paper, ranging in size up to the AA German industrial norm format, converting what it reads to 40-space lines of braille, the tactile reading system of raised dots used by the blind. As we were told in Frankfurt, AEG-Telefunken's next aim is to market a machine capable of directly converting the printed word to the spoken word.

Great pianist will play in Jeddah

IEDDAH: The Jeddah Concert Committee will present a piano recital; by Walid Akl on Thursday, October 30 at 8.30 p.m. at the Continental School to inaugurate their new Bosendorfer piano.

Walid Akl is acknowledged as one of the leading planists internationally. A Lebanese by birth, he has been residing in France tince 1962. He has been highly acclaimed in Europe, the United States and Canada and is

considered as one of the best pianists in the world. He has given several soln perfurmances in various capitals and has also produced two records containing pieces from famous composers.

At the forthcoming concert on Thursday, Walid Akl will play pieces from Brahms and Liszt. Entrance is by tickets at SR. 35.00 per head available at the door.

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AIRPORT ROAD BEHIND THE AMERICAN MISSION, TEL, 4768207, 4780394 KING FAISAL STREET AZIZIA BUILDING, SECOND FLOOR, TEL. 4033472, 4032979 Simple discourtesy or calculated insult?

Delhi miffed at Brezhnev for skipping Reddy fete

GALCUTTA, Oct. 28 (OFNS) - President Leonid Brezhnev blundered when he decided not to attend a banquet given by India's President Sanjiva Reddy on a state visit to Moscow.

It may not have been intended as a snub. but Indians are increasingly convinced that it was, and the diplomatic overtones are so serious that officials in New Delhi have been trying to hush up the whole affair.

Brezhenv's absence from the banquet was probably an attempt to make a point over India's attitude to the Kremlin's Afghanistan adventure. Presumably, Brezhnev was relying on the importance of Soviet trading links with India, and the treaty of friendship between the two countries, to make his point. If so, he overplayed his hand.

New Delhi's big military purchases in Washington after the banquet rumpus could be a warning to Moscow not to try to treat. India like a Soviet satellite. Krishnan Advani, who was information and broadcasting Minister in the Desai cabinet, is in no doubt that Brezhnev's discourtesy was a "calculated insult' because India does not "ditto 100 per cent" the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan.

Other opposition leaders have threatened critical motions in Parliament and are demanding a review of the friendship treaty with the Soviet Union, which does not expire until 1991.

The "snub" happened on Oct. 1, when 300 guests waited for over an hour under the chandeliers of the House of Reception on Moscow's Lenin Hill for Brezhnev and



Sanjiva Reddy

Reddy to arrive. When neither host nor chief guest appeared, the Indian ambassador, Inder Gujral, eventually asked the bewildered throng to sit down at the banqueting table. India's petroleum minister, Veerendra Patil, played host and Soviet deputy prime minister, Maltsev Arkhipov, responded to the

It later emerged that when Reddy was informed at the last minute that Brezhnev was not coming, be first threatened to cancel the party then reluctantly agreed to let it go on - hut without him. There is still no convincing explanation of why the Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev

chose not to attend. Russian diplomats at first explained that Brezhnev was too "heavily preoccupied", although he had accepted the invitation months earlier.

Later, the Soviet foreign minister, Andrei Gromyko, called on Reddy in his Kremlin suite to say that Brezhnev was in mourning because the wife of Nikolai Tikhonov, a member of the Politburo who soon after replaced Alexei Kosygin as prime minister, had died that day, an excuse which few people in India take seriously.

In fact, the Indian political grapevine is inclined to trace Soviet displeasure to Reddy's liberal democratic politics. Mrs.

Gandhi split the Congress Party in 1969 to prevent Reddy from becoming president, and had to accept him this year because he had already been elected under Desai's Janata

Reddy's right-of-center views grate on the Indian prime minister and possibly offended Brezhnev even more. But no matter how Mrs. Gandhi feels about Reddy, she cannot publicly overlonk the slight. The Indian president's constitutional position is analogous to that of the British monarch, and no one can be allowed to injure the dignity of the highest office in the land.

Hence the decision to buy arms in Washington. Although the U.S. ban on the sale of lethal weapons to India - imposed during the 1971 Bangladesh war - was lifted five years ago, Mrs. Gandhi has not until now shown any interest in buying military hardware from the U.S. She has preferred to rely on the Soviet Union.

Obviously, the Kremlin connection will not be snapped in a fit of pique. Russia is India's biggest commercial partner, with an annual turnover of about \$36 billion. A new agreement is about to be finalized which will dou-

ble this between 1981 and 1985. Nor has India given op hope of acquiring the multi-role MiG 23 aircraft from Russia. But Mrs. Gandhi plainly is no longer happy with all her eggs in one market. Differences such as the Reddy affair, as well as the U.S.S.R's unaccommodating attitude over the oil crisis, may have helped her to realise that Moscow takes New Delhi for granted.



Opposed Arab migrants

BARRAGE: A group of U.S. neo-Nazis shield themselves against a barrage of rocks, eggs

and tomatoes heaved by opponents at a rally in Evanston, Illionois.

Belgian Nazis investigated BRUSSELS, Oct. 28 (Guardian) -

The Belgian Parliament has opened an inquiry into allegations that there is a possible "Belgian connection" in the present wave of neo-Nazi inspired terrorist activity throughout Western Europe. The inquiry will focus on a Belgian neo-Nazi organization, the Flemish Military Order, which has acted as host to extremist right wing organizations, some of them illegal, from a number of European countries.

The Senate investigation into the militant order, known as the VMO, comes amidst growing concern in Belgium about whether or not the organization should be banned as a private army. There is growing pressure on the coalition government led by the prime minister, Wilfried Martens, to ban the VMO because it bas organized marches of its adherents in para-military combat fatigues calling for the expulsion of Arab migrant workers and because it has been accused of holding clandestine, military style training camps.

There were several arrests of anti-Fascist demonstrators in Brussels last week outside the International Press Center where the VMO held a press conference. VMO leaders, who recently were expelled from the United States having been in contact with Ku Klux Klan sympathizers, denounced an "international press campaign against Fascists" but

admitted they intended agitating against the presence of migrant workers in Bel-

Asked whether they had links with illegal terrorist organization such as the Ulster Volunteer Force or British "Column 88," which bas claimed responsibilities for attacks on Jewish synagogues and immigrant and left wing organizations, the VMO spokesman said" We have no comment on this." Asked whether they were linked with openly pro-Nazi organizations, such as the British movement. the spokesman said, "Yes, but we think they are a good organization."

The Belgian Senate inquiry is expected to focus on the annual ceremony at the graves of war-time SS dead in Belgium organized by the VMO and attended by neo-Nazi organizations from throughout Western Europe. These are allegations that groups whose members are involved in terrorism have sent delegates from Italy, France, West Germany and other countries. Senate members are particularly anxious to establish whether Belgium, which has a flourishing international arms trade, is being used by right wing extremists to smuggle guns to Fascist terrorists.

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Belgian political opinion is divided about the merits of a ban on the VMO in view of its par-military style organization.

'Could prove debilitating' Members sidestepping NATO, Luns says

Secretary-General Joseph Luns has warned that the Western alliance could be seriously damaged by key countries in the 15-nation group making decisions outside its

Without naming the countries, Luns made clear he was referring to meetings held by four, five and sometimes seven heads of NATO-member governments to align global defense, economic and diplomatic policies.

The United States, Britain, France and West Germany, for instance, also swap information and coordinate actions at lower levels, through a special consultative process among their envoys in Washington,

Addressing the European-Atlantic group in the House of Commons Monday, Luns said: "In recent years I have found the health and sound functioning of (NATO's consultative) mechanism threatened both by its being left idle all too frequently and by the

emergence of other fora and special arrangements for the exchange of information and ideas and for the coordination of

"I deeply regret this development. Beyond that I can do little more than to call attention to the disease and warn that, if left unattended, its ultimate effect could prove seriously debilitating."

Besides bolding meetings among envoys in Washington, France, Great Britain, the United States and West Germany also meet at summit level, ostensihly to align economic policies, together with Japanese, Canadian and Italian leaders.

There also have been five-power meetings between the Americans, British, French, West Germans and Italians, "There should be no decisions taken by groups of countries without NATO being consulted first," said

The Dutch diplomat, who has headed

NATO's secretariat since 1971, also said a changed nuclear power balance between the United States and the Soviet Union meant that the question of whether the United States would risk coming to Western Europe's aid against aggression had assumed new "complexities." He did not define them.

Luns said West European economic power 'disrupts a number of old assumptions, contains the potential for new frictions and therefore necessitates some reassessments along with some possibly painful readjustments."

Lons said there was "some resentment" in Washington that Europeans were not doing enough for their own defense.

Current economic and political conditions in Europe made "greater European exertion in the defense field' unlikely, he said. In addition, Europe showed "a certain

spiritual weariness' after centuries of strife which now seemed to have been pointless, Luns added

Michener pays sentimental visit to 'Bangkok gang'

BANGKOK, Oct. 2S (AP) - While waiting for the release of his latest book, a longnovel set in South Africa, noted American author James Michener, at age 73, is on a sentimental journey to Bangkok. The city was one of his favorite Asian haunts during his days as an aspiring freelance journalist in

"I don't brood about the glorious past," he iold members of the Foreign Correspondents Club of Thailand - some of them elderly colleagues of his "Bangkok gang."

"I have no regret for the passing of the great cines. I am very glad I saw them. I am glad that I saw the Bangkok that I knew so well in those years." he said during a dinner

Michener described a graceful city of treeshaded canals, seething alleys, the opium dans of Chinatown and a colorful expatriate

community of adventurers, freeloaders, and iournalists like himself savoring the excitement of post-war Asia.

Bangkok is now a sprawling, trafficclogged city and most of the canals have been paved over. But Michener noted that in his early days here, Bangkok was also inhabited had only one public place that was air con-

Michener - author of such best-selling novels as Hawaii. Centennial and Chesapeake arrived in Thailand last week to present the second S.E.A. writer awards to five writers from Southeast Asian nations. During the award ceremony he gave a copy of his latest work, "keepers of the covenant," to Thailand's Queen Sirikit.

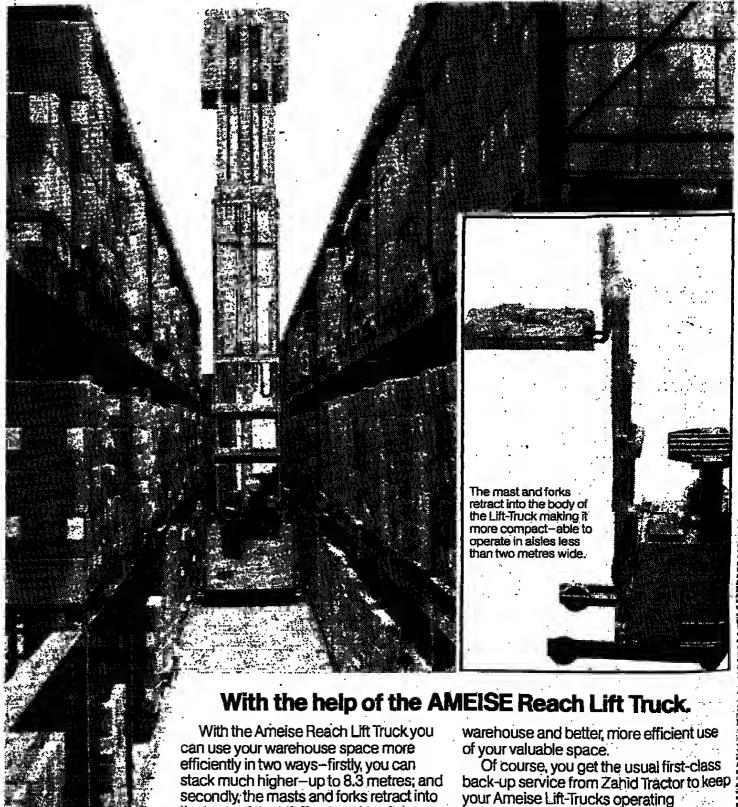
Michener said the book will cause "a great deal of debate" when it is released this week. He said the book was "banned and then unbanned' in South Africa two months ago for reasons he does not understand.

"I don't know how my new book will be received but I have always been lucky as a writer," he said. His last novel Cheasapeake sold five million copies and a number of his

"I write books about things that would not normally interest the average person, but I am more susceptible than most people to my surroundings. I like to set a stage and deal in some depth with the setting," he said in an interview in Bangkok's elegant, 105-year-old oriental botel where he is staying in the James A. Michener Suite."

Michener told the club that he had "half a dozen ideas' for his next novel but had not decided which one to pursue,

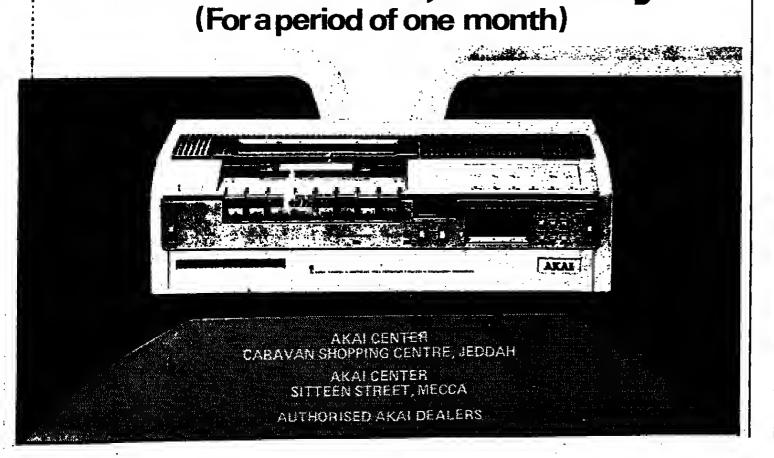
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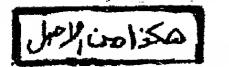
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Freak crashes spark concern

U.S. to probe jet pilots'sleep needs

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28 (WP) ——
When the 100,000-pound jet split the rows of
con, first there was heat and a sudden jerk.
When the craft hit the trees, it burst open with
a rasping roar into the foggy North Carolina
morning.

Eastern Airlines Capt. James Reeves and 68 passengers in his charge died that day sept. 11. 1974. Like all other airline crashes, his one had been poked and sifted, bagged and logged. Committees grouped, hoards net, coffins were laid away. The conclusion was that the pilot and crew were not paying attention to their alritude. They simply diffted down to earth.

But this official version is now disputed and, unlike other crashes, this one has been resurrected. It's heen exhumed because it miss questions of fact, of government policy, of science. How much sleep does a pilot need and when?

The North Carolina crash and its causes have been brought up just as the Federal Aviation Administration is about to adopt a new set of rules about a pilot's duty time and rest time. Farigue is the issue: farigue as defined by the rules of the FAA; farigue as it is experienced by pilots "belly flopping" from notel to motel, city to city, and farigue as genty redefined by biological science.

At least nine scientists expert in the field of "arcadian" physiology — the daily internal cycles of the body — have written letters to protest the FAA's proposed rules. The scientists say that the rules are "outmoded," "irresponsible," and "dangerous" to pilot and passengers.

Perhaps in answer to the protesters, the

National Aeronautics and Space Administration said it will attempt to find out how airline pilots are affected by flight schedules.

Previous studies in animals and humans have provided increasingly strong evidence that disruption of body sleep cycles can cause poor performance on the job, poor alertness, and even physical or mental illness.

Some hiologists have said there is strong circumstantial evidence to indicate that many pilot errors and a number of commercial airline disasters have been caused at least partly hy pilots in a condition of "desynchronosis" — they were suffering from a condition in which several of the body's cycles, particularly the sleep-wake cycle, had been knocked out of their regular rhythm.

In the proposed FAA rules, a pilot would he given a rest of at least 10 hours hetween duty days. The more hours he worked, the more to which he would be entitled

more to which he would be entitled.

But since airline computers draw up schedules specifically to squeeze the maximum allowed flying time out of each pilot during a mooth, the schedules ofteo bear no resemblance to day and night as other workers know them.

"NASA is the ideal agency to study pilot fatigue and desynchronosis," said Representative Berry Goldwater Jr., a California Republican who is a pilot himself. He has urged NASA to carry out a study like this one for more than a year,

"NASA has the competence and the facilities, and they don't have regulatory authority," he said. "The regulatory agency, FAA, lacks competence in this area, plus they are subject to the pressures of so many com-

peting interest groups that it is hard for them to find scientific facts.

"Instead, they gravitate toward what is economically feasible or politically acceptable. But if NASA can first determine the real safety factors, and FAA can write rules based on fact, that would be an improvement."

The NASA study, scheduled to take at least two years and cost something over \$2 million, will be in three parts. First, the scientific literature on the hazards of desynohronosis will he reviewed and distilled into reports that can be read by laymen, particularly pilots.

Second, NASA hopes to follow some 50 pilots through their regular working schedules, recording diet, sleep, and perhaps several physiological functions such as temperature and heart rate. "We want to know exactly what their environment is really like," said Al Chambers, one of the leaders of the research group at NASA's Ames Research Center in California.

"We want to know when the pilot is supposed to sleep, and how much sleep he actually gets. We want to know to what extent his sleep rhythms are shifted back and forth by flying," Chambers said.

Third, NASA expects to use specially built simulators to put airline crews through different sorts of schedules and stresses on a systematic basis. "Once we know something about the real world situation," Chambers said, "we can test special situations. We will push some situations as hard as we can to see what kind of errors are made."



SCARRED: As the Italian Parliament debates a \$220 million restoration for Rome's ancient monuments, chemicals from auto exhaust continue to take their toll. Here, the Arch of Constantine shows scars from years of exposure to damaging pollution.

Transformed by public money

Swank Covent Garden was beggars' haven

LONDON, Oct. 28 (AP) — Charles Dickens said one of the worst sights in London was Covent Garden after dark with harefoot children fighting for table scraps and darting "at any object they think they can lay their thieving hands on." More than a century later, Covent Garden — like English society — is a very different place.

The fruit, vegetable and flower market that flourished for more than 300 years is no more. Like Les Halles in Paris, it was moved from the congested city center to a spacious, it soulless, site at Nine Elms in South London in 1974. In its old place are London's newest

"The Market," a classy shopping center built within the confines of Fowler's arcaded market of 1830, opened in June after the Greater London Council spent \$9.6 million on renovations and restoration. Instead of wandering IMPS looking for scraps, the well-heeled shop by the light of old gas lan-

terns for \$100 cashmere sweaters.

Across the piazza in the old flower mart is the London Transport Museum, a collection of quaint vehicles.

Eliza Doolittle, the Cockney flower girl of *Pygmalion* and *My Fair Lady*, might not like the place — some of the locals today are not exactly crazy about it — hut at least she would recognize it. After a 10-year battle with the planners, the new Covent Garden looks remarkably like the old.

It's the way property values have soared and housing construction has stagnated that has upset residents and small merchants in the 40-hectare neighborhood.

They complain that many businesses have been forced out by urban renewal and cannot afford to come back, while promised new housing has taken a back seat.

"The No. 1 priority was supposed to be doubling the population by building new housing and rehabilitating the old, because the atmosphere that everyone loves in Covent Garden is made by people," said Tish Francis, coordinator of the community association formed in 1971.

The Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, is one of 25 theaters in the district, along with dozens of restaurants, stores and warehouses, tucked into a honeycomh of narrow streets between the grand crescent of the Aldwych and bustling charing Cross Road.

covent Garden's village feeling derives from its origins in the Middle Ages as a "convent Garden" of Westminister Ahhey, its orchards tended by monks. In 1552 the land was given to the first Earl of Bedford and remained in his family for many years, receiving a royal charter to start a market there in 1670,

Samuel Pepys enjoyed London's first Punch and Judy show in the Piazza and James Boswell first met Dr. Johnson in the vicinity.

Peking newspaper takes swipe at bureaucracy

PEKING, Oct. 28 (AFP) — The Communist Chinese propaganda campaign against "feudal" and "hureancratic" customs is intensifying judging from a lengthy article published by the People's Daily Tuesday.

The Communist Party organ devoted a whole page to the subject, hinting that the late Chairman Mao Tse Tung himself was not exempt from such practices. The article stressed the necessity for the "old men with white hair" to retire along with old leaders and historical cadres and make way for younger

generations in the actual management of affairs.

The commentator said this was a key problem in the progressive elimination of the imperial Chinese feudal system which was still strongly evident "among various comrades in our ranks."

In a reference to Mao, the newspaper reproached "leftist" activities of the Cultural Revolution — among them Mao's widow Jiang Qing — for having turned him into a feudal emperor-type figurehead.

Brass predict satellites to serve in war

BOSTON, Oct. 28 (AP) — In wars of the future, generals will use orbiting command posts and killer satellites in fighting their battles and will rely oo surveillance from the skies, the U.S. Air Force says.

Two colonels from the air force's space division outlined the space age future of warfare recently at the annual meeting of the American Astronautical Society.

Col. Norman Lee, assistant deputy for space transportation systems, envisioned orbiting space stanons that will serve as military command headquarters. Such stanons also would serve as observation posts to monitor hattlefield operations, spot submarines and look for enemy rocket launchings, he said.

"The military is clearly dependent oo space systems." said Col. Donald Henderson, deputy for space defense systems. "I foresee an increasing dependence."

Satellites will become more important in surveillance, weather forecasting, navigation and communications for the military. Henderson said. But there is a need to be able to defend American satellites and knock out those belonging to an enemy, he said.

"We're working on the development of an aori-satellite system that will employ a highly technical hit-to-kill system," be said.

The reusable space shuttle, being developed by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for scientific missions, will also be an important part of the military's space operations.

space operations.

The shuttle will drop satellites ioto orbit, repair satellites in space and pick them up to return them to earth. Henderson said the air force is developing a rocket that will boost satellites into higher orbits after they are released by the shuttle.

With the space shuttle, the air force will be able to launch many more satellites so there will be a reserve force if some are knocked out.

However, the space shuttle development program has been plaged by cost overruns and trouble with the craft's heat-resistant shielding. Its first space flight has been pushed ahead several times, and now it appears takeoff is on ice until 1983,

Future satellites will be equipped with computers that will allow them "to take action without ground command" in case earth stations are destroyed. Henderson said.

Lee said space stations also could be used by United Nations peace-keeping forces to

The orbiting stations will have peaceful uses, Lee said, including observation of nuclear power plant fuel to guard against seizure by guerrillas, better navigation systems for commercial ships and pleasure boats.

uncover truce violations.

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W.Germany urged to devalue mark

Five leading economic research institutes predicted Monday a zero growth rate for West Germany's economy oext year and called for a temporary devaluation of the mark to avoid a deeper slump. In their report, prepared for the Bonn government, the institutes forecast a one per cent decline in the growth for the first half of 1.81, offset by a 1 to 1.5 per cent increase over the last six months. The institutes recommended the West German Central Bank, the Bundesbank, accept a temporary devaluation of the mark to improve prospects for the country's

They also suggested that the bank loosen its tight money policies by allowing for expansion of the money supply and reducing key interest rates. Last Tuesday the economics ministry predicted a 0.5 per cent growth rate for Western Europe's strongest economy. The forecast, which came over a week after national elections, was well below previous government predictions, which pointed to growth rates around 2.5 per cent

The institutes ooted that beginning in 1980, the Bundesbank had oriented its monetary policy to external requirements: The rapidly rising deficit in West Germany's current of the payments balance, drastic oil price rises and rising interest rates abroad due to the tightening of monetary restrictions in many countries.

This depressed the mark's exchange rate and made the West German currency the

weakest in the European monetary system together with Italy's lira, the economic panel

In order to maintain the mark's external value, the Bundesbank had supported the West German currency.

While the panel spoke of the ceed to allow a temporary downtrend in the mark's value, it also stressed that if the world economy rebounds during 1981, West Germany's relatively lower inflation rate together with an anticipated decline in the nation's current account deficit would lead to a new appreciatioo of the mark.

The institutes said West German consumer prices would rise 4 per cent next year as compared with a rise of 5.5 per cent in 1980 on a year-on-year basis.

This would compare with 1981 consumer price rises of 10 per cent in The United States, 11 per cent in the United Kingdom, 11 per cent in France, 18 per cent in Italy and 5.5 per cent in Japan, according to the German

Norbert Walter of the Kiel University world economic institute told a press conference that while the five were recommending a "temporary devaluation of the mark, they all felt the West German currency could strengthen oext year.

Walter had been critical of the Bundesbank's tight monetary policy earlier this year, claiming this policy was at least partly responsible for the coootry's current economic problems.

OECD voices satisfaction with Turkey's economic plan

Saudi Arabian

Government Tenders

Supply of automatic

and Taif

equipment at the satelli

Sinking of four ordinary

wells in the Central

vells in the Central

Province (fifth group)

Jizan area (first group)

Construction of school

Province and Ahsa

ings in some areas

buildings in the Eastern

of electrical, plumping works

at some schools of the region

Completion of school build-

Agent

Barber

O.C.E.

Gulf

Barber

Alireza O.C.E.

Alpha A.E.T.

AA. O.C.E.

O. Trade

DAMMAM PORT MANAGEMENT SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HRS ON 19.12.1400 - 28

1980 - CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

Cargo

Barley

Soda Ash

General

General

General

Gen/Cont/Price

Tyres/Clylinders Rice/Gen

Cement Silo Vesse

Steel Pipes

Steel Pipes

Bulk Cement

Bacced Cement

Agent

Al Seada

Al Saeda

Капоо

Gulf

UEP

Капоо

Kanoo

Barber

SMC

Gulf

Gulf

Algezirah

O. Trade

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

HIJJAH 1400

Cargo

Onions/General

Ldg. Scrap iron

Flour/General

ReefertGeneral

To load ampties

Barley/W. netting

Ctrs/Plywood/Steel

Reefer

General/F'stuffs/Iron

Soyabean meal/Flour

Ctrs/Rica/Flour/Vehicles

Contrs/Vehicles/General

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON 28TH OCTOBER, 1980 -- 19TH D.

in Qassim region

Province (first group)

Sinking of four ordinary

Sinking of five tubewells in

Extension to water project

stations in Riyadh, Jeddah

alarm system and fire-fighting

industrialized nations are satisfied with Turkey's overall economic performance, especially in its fight against inflatioo, OECD secretary-general Emile Van Lennep said Monday. Talking to journalists after a oneday meeting of a special working group, Van Lennep stressed the fact that recent economic and political developments in Turkey gave the meeting added importance.

Turgut Ozal, Turkey's deputy prime minister, told the meeting that the Turkish authorities were "determined to continue the stabilization policy on the fullest extent

Authority

Ministry of P.T.T.

Ministry of Agricul-ture and Water

Directorate General of Girls' Education,

Directorate General

1. VESSELS DISCHARGING:

Pep Sky

Kubbar

Odyss Pereira Deca

Kota Timur

Eastern Saga

Barber Nara

Ocean Sky

Magdalena

Al Riyadh

. VESSELS DISCHARGING:

Chi Yuen

Antzoulleta

New Crest Robin Hood

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Strathttrick

Ever Trust

Arabian Luluah

Prof. Mierze jewski

Kasuga Maru

Maritime Leade

Stove Transporter

Ship

Berth

Novi T

Heilenie Explore

Leninskiys Iskry

Monsona Universal

Maldiva Trade

Eastern Province

of Education,

Rivadh

and that one of their main objectives was to restore civilian administration within a reasonable period of time.

Ozal, who is also in charge of economie planning, said that although the current crash program to combat inflation would continue to have priority, Turkey plans to gradually give emphasis to other objectives such as job creation, investment and the promotioo of exports.

But the Turkish official pointed out that it could take 'a couple of years' before the country's stabilization program could show concrete results,

13/400/401 1000

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1500

100

100

17/1

18/1

26/8

13

14

Closing Date

Nov. 1

Nov. 8

Nov. 9

Nov. 10

Nov. 11

Nov. 2

Nov. 4

Nov. 3

Date

21.10.80

26.10.80

18.10.80

26,10,80

21.10.80

11.10.80

24,10,80

27.10.80

27.10.80

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27.10.80 27.10.80

25.10.80 24.10.80 27.10.80

Date

26.10.80

27.10.80

22,10,80

27.10.80

26,10,80

27.10.80

27.10.80

28,10,7

26.10.80

27.10.80

24.10.80



CLASSIC CAR SHOW: At the Classic Car Show 1989, held in London recently, many restored and faithfelly reproduced classic cars (picture) of the past were on show

Sterling best investment among major currencies

LONDON, Oct. 28 (AFP) — The pound sterling has been by far the best investment among the major currencies since the big oil price increases beginning in mid-1979, the American Amer bank said.

In its monthly monetary survey, the bank said that the return on one-month sterling deposits amounts to 24.6 per cent a year in terms of American dollars, compared to 12.9 per cent on Eurodollar deposits.

The pound now is at its highest levels in five and one-half years. The better performance of sterling in comparison with currencies of other countries profiting from their own energy sources — such as Canada and the Netherlands — was attributed to the abolition of exchange controls, an improvement in the balance of payments and a tight-money

The bank said that this confidence in sterling will be maintained if British authorities do not lower British interest rates before the growth in the money supply is controlled.

Given the energy situation's continued domination of money markets, the bank said the outlook was good for the Canadian dollar. Meanwhile, in 1981, the Dutch florin might profit more from natural gas in 1981, as gas prices are aligned with oil.

In addition, Amex foresees progress for currencies such as the Australian dollar and the Norwegian crown as a result of the flow of

Foreign Exchange Rates

177.00

37.00

8.10

195.00

3.32

Cush and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Cust pany for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabo

Cock Transfer

177.30

4.45

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38.35 15.75

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12.39

95.35 85.50

33.70

8.14 91.50 1.58

45.75

189.35

85.50

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75.00

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88.50

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77.00

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73.15 67,600.00

7,900.00

Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Tuesday

lahrami Dinan

Egyptian Pound

Belgian Franc (1,000)

an Dollar

trates Dirham (100)

Deutche Mark (100)

French Franc (100)

kanian Riyal (100) Iraqi Dinar Italian Lira (10,000)

lordanian Dinar

Lebanese Lira (100)

Pakistani Rupec (100)

Philippines Peso (100)

oroccan Dirham (100)

Kuwaiti Dinar

Pound Sterling

Qatari Riyal (100)

panish Peso (1,000)

wise Franc (100)

Syrian Lira (100) Turkish Lira (1,000)

Yemeni Riyal (100) Gold kg. 10 Tolas bar

U.S. Dollar

Silver kg.

capital onto their respective countries' stock exchanges and increased direct foreign investments.

Meanwhile in Frankfurt, the persistently weak West German deutschmark fell Monday to 1.8780 marks per dollar, its lowest level in more than six months. The dollar had been quoted at 1.8713 marks Friday and at 1.8627 marks Thursday.

Sources in financial circles attributed the currency's growing weakness to recent statements implying a forthcoming relaxatioo of the West German monetary policy.

These hints came at a time when Bonn, along with Switzerland, already has the lowest interest rates among major currencies. Analysts however said the mark should stabilize in the long run because of low inflatioo and the anticipated improvement in the current accounts trade balance in 1981.

In New York, a share price fell Monday in Wall Street, where the index of industrial averages closed at 931.65, down 11:94 points compared with Friday, Business was moderate. About 34,644,000 shares changed hands. The continuing rise of interest rates dominated the market throughout the session. Fears of seeing inflation worsen following the fresh growth of supply last week had more effect than the good news concerning the recovery of production in the United



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CY 395	FLIGHT _	CY 394	╛
WED/FRI	FREQUENCY	WED/FRI	↴
B11	AIRCRAFT	B11	٦
Y	CLASS	. Y	7
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1840 arr	LARNAÇA	dep 1216	٦

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GM loses \$567m in 3rd quarter; record for any U.S. company

DETRIOT, Oct. 28 (AP) - General Motors Corp., lost \$567 million in the third quarter of the year, a record for any U.S. company, GM said Monday. The loss amounted to \$1.95 per common share. In the same quarter last year, the world's biggest automaker earned \$21.4 million, or 6 cents per share.

Sales in the quarter fell 10 per cent from \$13.3 billion to \$12 billion. The previous record three-months loss, recorded by U.S. steel corp. in the fourth quarter of 1979, was \$562 million,

GM's loss for the first nine months of the year, en route to its first losing year since 1921, \$2.86 per share compared with profits of \$8.58 per share in the same period of 1979. Sales for the nine months fell 17 per cent from \$50.2 billion to \$41.5 billion.

GM actually lost\$953 million for the quarter and \$1.53 billion for the first nine months, but tax credits were taken of \$386 million for the third quarter and \$703 million for the nine months.

In effect, those are refunds for taxes paid in 1977. U.S. tax laws permit companies to apply losses against profits earned in three previous years and claim a credit fo taxes paid in those years.

Wall Street analysts generally had figured GM's loss to be about what it reported -Harvey Heinbach of Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith Inc. had predicted a \$2.00 per share third-quarter loss back in August,

GM is the first company to report third-

quarter results in what will be the auto industry's most disastrous year in history. Most analysis expect the big three companies to

lose more than \$4 billion. The third quarter is always the worst for U.S. automakers, even in the most profitable year, because of the expense of changing plants for the next model years' cars and the

summer sales lull.

In addition to that usual reason for a slow little quarter, GM chairman Thomas A. Marphy and president Elliott M. Estes said in a state. ment that results were hurt by, among other things, the recession, the shift to lower profit-margin small cars and inflation.

Meanwhile, the West German automobile firm Bayerische Motoren Werke (BMW) plans to meet competition, particularly from Japan, by installing 300 of the most advanced, robots in the world to improve productivity, a

company official said in London Monday.

At the annual BMW press dinner, Hanserdmann Schoenbeck said automation could be expanded over the next 18 months.

He also said that there would always be a market for "individualistic" cars, despite the prediction that there will be only about six car companies left by the year 2000.

"I dare to predict that if manufacturers of," individualistic cars pulled out of business today, there would still be demand for their products for the rest of this century," Schoenoeck said.

He attributed this consumer preference to ** the natural tendency for buyers to seek mcreasingly better quality, or "to trade up."

TOKYO: Japan and the Soviet Union Tuesday signed an agreement here to post observers on each others' whale factory ships operating in the Southern hemisphere. The accord covers the whaling season in the early part of next year. The two countries also set minke whale quotas in the Southern Hemisphere at 312 each. This means a drop of 159 for Japan and 759 for the USSR.

MONTREAL: Noranda Mines of Canada believes industrial uses of gas plasmas could be marketed soon. In a few years' time, industry may be using plasmas of nitrogen, argon and helium with energy ratings 39 greater than . . of steam, the firm says. The company has been researching such plasmas for six years. Future applications would probably include underwater welding, high power electricity schemes, metalworking and heat gen-

DETROIT: The United Auto Workers (UAW) will shortly launch an advertising campaign for protection against car imports, the initial phase costing \$200,000. The main theme will be that these imports have thrown American car workers out of jobs. The union and the Ford company have put forward proposals for curbing imports, and the federal international trade commission is expected to make a statement on these suggestions in November.

ISLAMABAD, (AFP) — A Belgian firm will supply Pakistan with several rare animals to pair up with its existing species in the Lahore zoo, its curator said Tuesday. The curator, S.W. Hameed, said that the animals included Zebra, Giraffe, Lama and Ostrich. Their import would, hopefully, help local breeding of these animals, he said.

KUWAIT: On oil ministry official Monday denied a London newspaper report that

VESSEL

LAMA ISLAND 20/80

NEW SONGDO

HONG KONG ISLAND 24/80

said Kuwait increased prices because of the Iranian-Iraqi conflict.

Kuwait has decided to increase crude oil

prices by five dollars a barrel. The newspaper

DOHA, (AFP) — Ways of raising joint in production of aluminium to 750,000 tons a year by 1995 in the Gulf states area were discussed at a two-day meeting which ended at at Qatar Monday night, the Gulf News Agency reported.

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AL-HIJAZI	30-10-80	Barley
EASTERN SAGA	2-11-80	Cont. & Gen.
EASTERN GLORY	3-11-80	Pipe & Steel
KELLET ISLAND 8/80	6-11-80	Cont. & Gen.
PROVIDENCE	8-11-80	Steel
GARDEN GATE	16-11-80	Pipes
	/ESSEL SAILED	
MALDIVE SEA	4-10-80	
GEORGIA RAINBOW	11-10-80	
SARONIKOS	14-10- 80	
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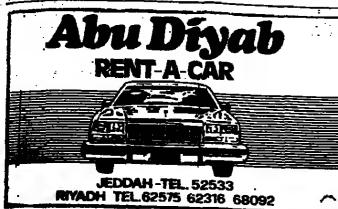
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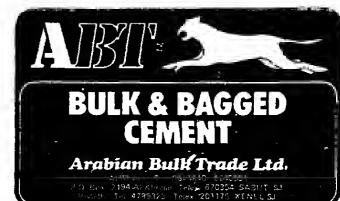
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السندات الحكومية البريطانية SOVERNMENT BONDS	Benkers Trust NY 53% 54% Obdiental Petrol 31% 31% 34%	Norak-Hydro	U.S. (1)
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As Merdeka Cup continues

Burma hold S.Korea

KUALA LUMPUR, Oct. 28 (R) — Underdog Burma held South Knrea to a 1-1 draw here Monday in the Merdeka soccer tournament, denting the Koreans' hopes of a place in Sunday's final.

The South Koreans, lying second in the eight-nation table, opened the scoring in the 31st minute after an assault on the Burmese goal which brought three quick corners. The third corner, taken by fullback Park Sang Klan, was powerfully headed towards goal by Chnw Kwan Jup. Moving in from the left, midfielder Kim Thae Whan hooked the ball home past the unsighted Burmese goal-keeper.

The South Koreans sat back on their goal as the Burmese came more into the game.

Steroid ban hits Spaniard

LONDON, Oct. 28 (R) — An 'nversight' hy Spanish runner Rosa Colorado has resulted in her being banned from compentinn following a positive dope test, the international Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF) said Monday.

IAAF general secretary John Holl said in a

IAAF general secretary John Holl said in a statement that a dope test taken at the Women's World 400 meters Hurdles Championship at Sittard, Netherlands, in August had detected the presence of an anabolic steried drug.

Holt said enquiries by the Spanish Athletic Federatinn had shown that Cnlnradn had fractured a finger in a fall six weeks before the Sittard championships.

She bad been treated by her local doctor win had given her three injections of a drug containing steroids.

"The IAAF is fully satisfied with the statement by the Spanish Athletic Federation that the athlete was being treated fin a fractured finger joint and was not seeking to gain an unfair advantage by taking steroids," Holt said

But 'through an oversight' Coloradn had failed to state that she had received the injections.

But despite the fact that Coloradn had not deliberately cheated, the IAAF added: 'There can be nn dispensation for any athlete who has used or been administered forbidden drugs,"

However, Holt told Reuters that in the circumstances it was likely that Cnlnrado would be reinstated after serving the minimum suspension of 18 months required by IAAF rules,

In March, this year the IAAF Council arnused strong criticism by allowing five East European wnmen athletes the return to competition in time for the Moscow Olympics, despite the fact that they had served only a 10-month suspension for taking steroids.

Early in the second half after a number of attacks down both flanks, their speedy winger Maung Win was heavily brought down inside the penalty box.

Defender Aung Than rammed the spot kick home. Buth sides committed themselves to all-out attack for the remainedr of the game, but though shots rained in on both goalkeepers, the winner would not come.

In a second game Mnnday, Kuwait lost to Malaysia 2-1, with a halftime score showing the Kuwaitis up 1,-0.

Abdel Aboas Abdul Rahman scored the only gnal for Kuwait in the 44th minute. For Malaysia, it was Mokhtar Dahari who rocketed a shot home first, in the 61st minute. In the 70th minute, Zulkifli Hamzah scored the winner.

The greatest disappointment for the local fans has been the Kuwain side, whn were fancied as finalists following their Asian Cup win last month. However, the Gulf state unexpectedly sent its national youth squad, with an average age of 20, and the youngsters have lost every game.

The number of B-grade teams playing in the 24th Merdeka tournament bas not escaped the notice of the local press or the fans, who were boping to weigh up Malaysia's World Cup qualifying prospects as South Korea, Kuwaii, Malaysia and Thailand play together in a regional eliminator next April.

The leading English-language daily, the New Straits Times, described the tournament as an emharrassment. The paper said in an editorial that the Football Association of Malaysia (FAM) unblushingly ignored its nwn 'first teams only' rule and accepted second stringers.

Bedel ousted by unknown

PARIS. Oct. 28 (AFP) — Frenchman Dominique Bedel crashed in a shock three-set defeat against unknown Austrian Filip Krajcik in the first round of the Coubertin Open Tennis Tournament bere Mnnday.

The French number-three appeared to be cruising to an easy victory when he took the first set 6-1. But the Austrian, unranked in Austria's top ten players, stormed back to take the second set 6-3 and then clinched the match at 6-4 in the third.

Britain's veteran, 37-year-old left-hander Mark Cox also dropped the first set when he played the promising Frenchman Bernard Fritz but thereafter he settled down in take second set to love and the third 6-3.

Spanish newcomer Miguel Mir also had to go the full distance before he eliminated stubborn Ettore Vattuone of Italy. In fact Mir looked as if he might be a first-round victim when, after dropping the first set 5-7 he had to fight his way through a second set tiebreak. He survived and cruised home relatively comfortably in the third 6-3.



BUSTER MOTTRAM; who advanced in the Seiko tournament seen in action during the U.S. Open this year.

Seiko tourney win for Lendl

TOKYO, Oct. 28 (AFP) — No. 3 seed Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia easily disposed of Francisco Gonzalez of Puerto Rico 6-3, 7-6 nn the opening day of the third \$300,000 Seiko World Tennis at Tokyo's Yoyogi gymnasium Tuesday.

A total of 32 world's topflight men players

A total of 32 world's topflight men players are taking part in the six day tournament vying for the \$48,000 first prize mnney for the singles and \$14,400 for the doubles.

The 20-year-old Czech net ace Lendl got nff to a flying start, hreaking Gonzalez's service in the first game of the first set. Lendl again broke Gonzalez's service in the ninth game to take the set 6-3. The second set saw the twn players keep the service and it went into a tie breaker. Lendl whipped Gonzalez 7-5 in the tie hreaker and took the match.

Other First Round results: Brian Teacher bt. Rod Frawley (Australia) 7-6 6-7, 6-4; Eliot Teltcher (US) bt Mel Purcel (US 2-6, 6-4, 6-4; Victor Amaya, no. 8 seed, (US) at Louk Sanders (Netherlands) who entered the tournament after winning the qualifying tournment, 6-4, 6-7, 6-3; Buster Mottram (Britain) ht Terry Moor (US) 7-5, 2-6, 6-5.

Meanwhile in Cologne, West Germany, Leo Palin, Finland's No. I tennis player, succumbed in three sets to veteran Australian Colin Dibley in the first day of the Cologne Grand Prix tournament here.

The hig-serving. 26-year-nld Australian dropped the first set 7-6, but rallied to take the second and third sets 6-3.

New Zealand's Nn. 2 Russel Simpson beat Italian Gianni Ocleppo in straight sets 6-3, 6-4 while Andrew Pattson of Zimbabwe downed 4th-ranked New Zealander Onny Parun 6-3, 6-4.

Andres Gimenez of Spain out-fought Swiss Iwan Du Pasquier in an exciting match 6-4, 5-7, 6-2.

By Soviet alent scouts

Kids hustled into sports programs

By David Minthorn

MOSCOW, Oct. 28 (AP) — Starting at age 7, Russian children are being groomed for the Olympics in intensive, year-round training programs at Moscow's newest junior sports school

school.

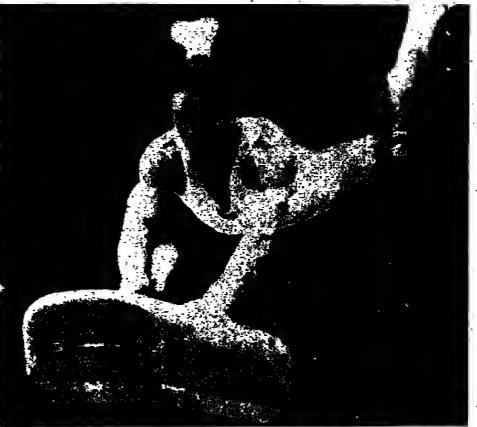
Two hundred girl gymnasts, hand-picked by talent scouts in second grade at Moscow elementary schools, are working out at least four times a week for three bours a session at a high-rise glass and concrete building called the Children's Sports Palace.

Tiny girls in leotards being drilled on the

Olympics right now," Georgi Zaikin, the school director, said in an official publication about the program. His charges hone skills in dozens of tournaments throughout the Soviet Union. The best practice six days a week and compete practically every Sunday.

"We haven't produced any Soviet Olympic team members yet because the school is too new, but that's our goal," deputy director Leonid Biba said during a tour of the facilities.

As the newest and best-equipped of Moscow's 179 elite junior athletic centers, the Children's Sports Palace will get the cream of



EXPERT: Flying over the vault at the Moscow Otympics, gold medalist from the Soviet Union Alexander Dityatin earned a perfect 10 in the exercise. Now, gymnasts in the U.S.S.R. model themselves after such heroes as Dityatin at the numerous sports programs and schools the Kremlin has been developing specifically for Olympic competition.

Balance beam or uneven bars hy former Soviet Olympic team candidates. These neophyles are relarded as the Olga Korbuts and Nelli Kims of future Olympics, and the strain of potential greatness shows in their grimaces of concentration as coaches bark instructions.

Track and field, swimming, fencing and tennis are the other sports disciplines being taught to about 1,500 adolescent and teenaged boys and girls by the school's staff of 50 coaches.

"We're starting the run-up for the 1984

young bopefuls screened for ability in physical aptitude tests.

According to infficial figures, the Soviet Union has nearly 6,000 state sports schools to develop Olympic candidates. The talent search is so well organized that it would be virtually impossible for a child athlete to escape notice even in deepest Siberia.

Youngsters quickly learn that sports success can bring privileges — special competition clothing, higher-quality training table food and travel even to the West

food and travel, even to the West.

Entry to the sports schools is the first step

toward becoming a "state athlete" eligible for government subsidies to train full time. Parents are not known to refuse permission for their offspring to train at the Children's Sports Palace. "They are anxious to have the children develop themselves in all directions," said Vikto Kiselyov, another deputy director.

"We have many more applicants than space to train them all," added Kiselyov, stressing the prestige of the facility.

Most of the prospects are picked in competitive tests at elementary schools, but the palace also advertises for candidates in Soviet sports newspapers and on television.

Kids who dn not pass the entry test continue physical education at elementary schools. "Late bloomers, say at age 14, can still be selected," Kiselyov said.

The Children's Sports Palace also has the task of teaching swimming to all third graders in Moscow's Zelfnov district, a working class area some five kilometers (three miles) east of Red Square, Specialized training starts at 3 p.m. during the week after regular school classes and continues into the evening.

The facility, probably the largest youth sports school in Europe, has a 64-meter (200 foot) high wing housing air-conditioned training balls for young gymnasts, fencers and tennis players on three floors.

Another wing bas a 25-meter indoor pool and a separate shallow pool for teaching beginners. A canteen, auditorium and locker rooms are also part of the complex.

rooms are also part of the complex.

Track and field training is conducted in a glass-walled area with a 200-meter artificial

track jumping pits and a weight room.

Outside are several tennis courts and a running track for fair weather training.

The track and field program is the school's largest, with 700 children ranging from 10 to 17. Four hundred kids are in the tennis program and about 200 each in fencing and gumnastics. The gymnastics program for girls nnly has the youngest candidates starting from age 7.

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Every entrant must pass a physical examination, and periodic checkups and medical care are provided by full-time nurses nn the staff, the directors said.

"Some strained muscles and bumps and

major injuries," one of the nurses said.

Training takes its toll in plain exhaustion.

Atop the high-rise wing is a section called the "rehabilitation room" where the young athletes recuperate from strenous sessions, the

hruises are inevitable, but we haven't had any

directors said.

Party slogans decorate the lobby of the sports palace, along with a mural depicting big-muscled athletes in Socialist realism

"Youngsters, take the baton of Soviet labor's deeds for the sake of Communism," says one of the slogans in bold red letters, quoting Soviet President Leonid I. Brezhnev.

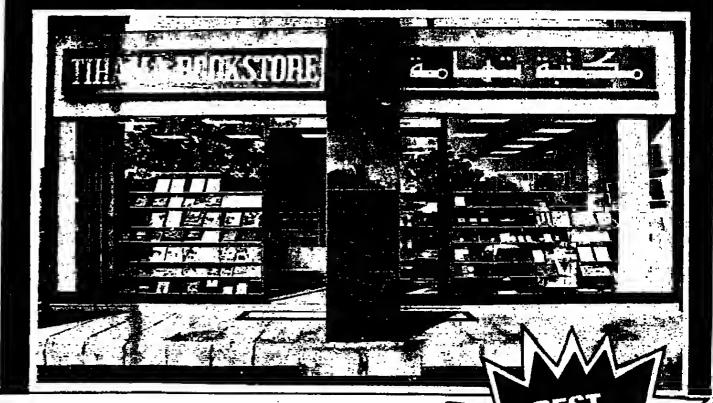
BY NAME YOU KNOW US



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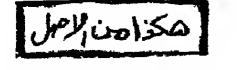


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Local training begins

'Adventure' marks start of Jeddah rugby season

JEDDAH, Oct. 28 - Training started slow one Thursday as Jeddab rugby players continued preparation for their first match of the season, against Taif, on Nov. 20.

As the late arrivals wheeled their way through the surrounding rubbish tips, those already there began clearing the pitch. An abandoned wheel-barrow, car tires, cardboard, assorted tin cans - oothing was spared in clearing the hallowed space which constitutes the J.R.C. ground. A far cry fram "Twickenham" or the "Arms Park," but for stalwarts of the rugby tradition here in Jeddah, no less important,

Team captain Tony Wood explained: "We spent a good deal of time clearing and preparing another pitch, but when we'd finished, the owners decided in develop the land." They promptly dug a deep treoch straight across

The oew pitch cleared, two balls appeared and were casually passed between the players as they prepared themselves for the ordeal

"Shall we get going?" a lone voice called guiltily from the main group. The world began, followed almost immediately by the grants and groans.

It's no jnke draggiog aching limbs through the soft sand that covers most of the ground, but such was the spirit and determination, a full three minutes passed before anyone broke from the groups for a quick breather. By sheer coincideoce, the same stalwart who, in pre-training talk accused Muhammad Ali of being at 38, "a mere spring-chicken."

The warm-up finished, and two teams formed for a practice game, but the start was suddenly halted. A strange sound came drifting across the sand. In the distance, truck, its

Surprise win by Adams in snooker match

LAUNCESTON, Tasmania, Oct. 28 (R) - Malta's Joe Grech was surprisingly beaten 4-3 Lewis Adams of New Zealand in his second round-robin match in the world amaleur snooker champinnships here Tues-

Adams led by three frames to one before Grech, the Maltese snooker and billiard champion, levelled at 3-3. But it was the New Zealander whn triumphed in the tense final frame, polting a difficult pink when trailing 63-61 to set up an easy black and the match.
No. 2 seed Stephen Newbury, the Welsh

mampion, collected his first victory when he thrashed Lou Weng Yew of Singapore 4-0. Ireland's Ray Burke and Eugene Hughes

of Northern Ireland found themselves in a strange stalemate situation in the sixth frame of their match. Hughes was leading by three to two out training 24 ounts in mac when the referee ordered the frame to be replayed. Eight reds were clustered round the pink over a corner pocket and both players had played a succession of safety strokes. Hughes won the replayed frame for a 4-2

Monday, Jim Bonner, a 44-year-old Australian who came into the event only as a reserve, and New Zealander David Meredith brought off the first shocks of the world amateur snooker championship here, which started Monday.

Bonner, who gaioed a place in the championship when Canadian Tom Lee did not turn up. defeated Australian champion Warren King 4-3 in their first round match. lo an exciting final frame, the scores were

level at 57 apiece with only the colors on the table. Bonner proved the steadier to win the frame 72-62 and take the match. Meredith, 32, defeated the Nn. 2 seed. Stephen Newbury of Wales, in another duel

which went the full seven frames. Meredith won the decider 36-28 for a 4-3 victory.

Strike planned over new rule

MADRID, Oct. 28 (AFP) - The Spanish Football Players Association will be leading a players strike starting New. 10 in the first four divisions of the Spanish Football Championship to protest against a new rule which demands that at least two players under 20 years old be on second and lower divisioo

The association claims the rule is unconsututional and not in the interests of professional football players, who often finish their careers in the lower divisions.

Most of the 76 clubs concerned were io later of the strike, the association reported. The association's strike committee will be faceting on Nov. 30.

Among First Divison clubs, players from alenera, Sexille, Bilbao and St. Sebastian have come out for the strike while Real Mad-

and Atletico are for legal moves. This is the second strike movement in Spanish football. The first was in March, 1979.

Australia squad named

SYDNEY, Australia, Oct. 28 (R) - Melbourne striker Jamie Paton is included in Australia's soccer party for a five-week tour

of Europe, announced Monday. Palou and his clubinate Gary Cole have Ewen Heidelberg the most explosive strike force in the National League, Cole has scored

21 and Paton 15 of their 45 goals. The other new name in the squad is John

Spanes, a Sydney midtielder. But for the rest manager Rudi Gutendorf has kept faith with the players who shaped Well against England and Northern Ireland a les months ago. Winger Peter Sharne, who sorted in all four matches, is expected to tax

defences with his impressive speed. the team will play in Greece, England, Italy. Austria and Israel. back wheels spinning wildly, settled comfortably into the soft sand.

"Let's get going, them." called Tony.

Play harms The triple of the soft said.

Play began. The truck driver continued to spin his wheels widly. The truck continued in sink into the sand.

The fast moving play went oo for some time befine someooe stopped the game again. "He's giveo up," said a sympathetic voice. Everyone looked to the truck. The driver, shoulders bowed, was walking away across the sand.

"A game for booligans played by gentle-ien," is how a historian once described the men." geotle art of rugby. Far from the shores where those words were first voiced, their traditioo

"Let's get him out, lads," called Tooy. The driver, hope springing to his eyes, quickly followed the meo to his truck. Immediately their ingenuity became clear. "We'll have to dig!"

Eager hands clawed the offending sand away from the back wheels.

The driver prepared to reverse the truck onto the oearby road. The players prepared to push. "On three, then," cried someooe, but the couot was delayed.

A curious driver bad arrived to observe the proceedings, parking his car directly behind

"That's oot very convenient," observed one of the players, in the courteous tones well-known in rugby circles. The driver, quickly assessing the situatino, moved his car. The count began. "One, two, three, beave!" The sand, unable to resis! this new momen-

tum, gave way. The truck rolled free. The good deed done, the players retired for refreshments, amidst good-humoured jibes



WARM-UP: Local Jeddah rugby players warm up for this season's action. A full game involving those currently training, is set for Thursday.

about the unfortunate truck-driver, by then

disappearing into the dusty sunset.

The J.R.C. meo oeed this kind of rugged workout, though, for the next few months will be hectic. After the opening Taif match, there's ao Aussie/New Zealand challenge to deal with, theo the return with Taif scheduled for Dec.11. Running into next year, Riyadh, B.A.C., and Dhahran R.C. have all booked

provisional slots in the J.R.C. caleodar. Since the dub was firmed Iwn years ago, Tony Wood bas been working on the idea of forming a Saudi League, but cites the obvinus

"With the oecessary traveling, it works out very expensive for the players. It would be nice to bave the same kind of sponsorship the football league bas, and oaturally I would be

very interested in know of any company who would be willing to sponsor us."

For those oot yet initiated ioto rugby io

Jeddah, this coming Thursday would be the time to get down to the training session. Tony is planning a full game to start the final phase of the build-up to the Taif opener.

Anyone interested in going along should get details from him at 6825625.

Fans mourn dead boxer

BUENOS AIRES, Argeotina, Oct. 28 (AP) — Argeotina boxing fans Monday mourned former world light heavyweight champioo Victor Galindez, killed in a freak accident during what he had buped would be his debut as an auto propaga deiter.

his debut as an auto racing driver.
The 3I-year-old Galindez was to lie in state Monday at Luna Park Stadium in Buenos Aires, scene of his many boxing triumphs. Burial was scheduled for Tuesday. The accident occurred Suoday when Galindez and veterao Argeotine driver Nito Lizeviche were walking to the pits after their

circuit at the town of 25 de Mayo, 200 miles southwest of Buenos Aires. Another car, driveo by Marcial Feijoo, also an Argentine, spun off the track, overturned and struck Galindez and Lizeviche, killing them instantly. Fiejoo was hospitalized with what were described as "serinus" injuries and

touring racinng car had broken down on a

his co-driver, Juan Buesolo, was treated for The race was to have been the start of a motor racing career for Galindez, whn was serving as Co-driver for Lezeviche in the Chevrolet, which dropped out early in the race due to mechanical difficulties.

Top goalscorers

LONDON, Oct. 28 (AP) - Leading First Division gnalscorers after Saturday's English League soccer matches (tabulate under league, league cup, total):

Justin Fashanu, Norwich Garry Birtles, Manchester Unite Gary Shaw, Aston Villa, Kenny Dulglish, Liverpool, Bob Latchford, Everton, John Wark, Ipswich, Peter Esstoe, Everton,



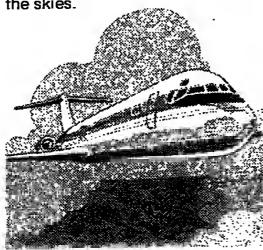
IDEAS AT WORK FOR YOU.

The DC-10 flies as far as the moon and back twice a day.

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The new DC-9 Super 80 is the number one fuel-saver-40 percent more fuel efficient than today's most widely flown jetliner.

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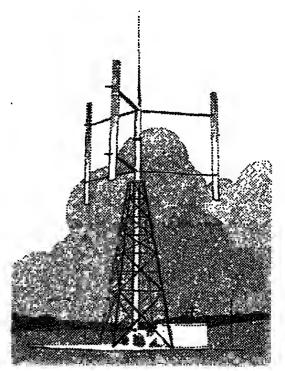
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Our work in fusion energy is mak-'ing progress, too. We've helped develop a device to generate power to light the way for nuclear fusion. With our help, this safe, clean, abundant energy source may well become a practical alternative by the end of the century.



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SHE SAID SHE NEVER ARGUES

WITH HER HUSBAND BECALISE

HE ALWAYS ADMITS HE'S WRONG

10.29

THERE'S NO CALL FOR THAT - I -KNOW EVERYTHIN!

OKAY

OK, JOHN,

OR BUST!

STATIC

LOSX

DALFER

ELECTRICITY I

EVEN WHEN

HE'S RIGHT?

CLEVELAND

BEDEVILE

10-29

NOW LET'S

HAVE ONE FOR THE

7.09 Commentary
7.15 Sheriock Holmes
7.45 World Today
8.00 World News
8.09 Books and Writers

1.40 Reflections 1.45 Sports Round 2.00 World News 2.09 Commentary

2.15 The Face of England

SKY

PAGE 14

BLONDIE

SP

BOY, I HATE THESE

I WAS TALKING

TO SUZANNE LOGAN

THIS PACKAGE HIS TO BE IN CLEVELAND BY TOWORROW OR I'M OUT OF BUSINESS.

IVE A

ONFESSIO TO MAKE

LET ME HAVE

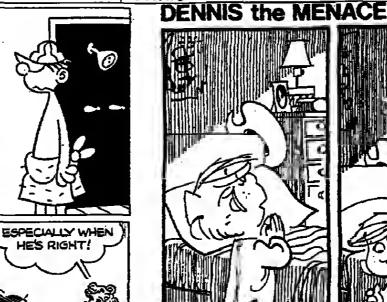
ONE FOR

THE ROAD

TODAY

POLYESTER

SHIRTS!



HE'S RIGHT!

SHE SELDOM LETS
ME BELITILE MESELF
— SHE LETS 'ER
MOTHER DO IT FOR ME

I THINK

YOU'VE HAD

ENOUGH

...YOU GOT ANY BANKRUPTCY FORMS LAYING ARDUND?

.. AND THANKS A LOT. AMEN."

HE SAID NOT TO WORRY...HE WAS THE SAME WAY WHEN HE WAS MY AGE.

Contract :

The Correct Discard

South dealer. Both sides vulnerable. NORTH

Q7643 EAST WEST **♦QJ1098 ♦**A43 ♥64 OAK95 O 10-8 2

Q 10 9 5 **♠**KJ72 SOUTH **◆K**76 VAQJ1073

♣A 6 3

The bidding:

West North South Dble 2 🗸 Pass Pass Pass Opening lead - six of hearts.

When you realize that you will wind up as a defender in about half the hands dealt, it becomes obvious that the outcome of many of those

deals will depend greatly on

how well you and your partner

defend. In most deals, top-notch defense depends much more rahin cooperation than on individual effort. Each defender should therefore do everything possible to steer his partner in the right

direction. For example, let's say you hold the East hand and South

JOHN L. SULLIVAN

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CHAMPIONSHIP IN 1889 IN
THE LAST OFFICIAL BAREKNUCKLE FIGHT IN THE U.S.
BUT 40 YEARS EARLIER A
PUGIUST NAMED YANKEE
SULLIVAN LOST THE FIRST
BARE-KNUCKLE TITLE
BOUT STAGED IN AMERICA

BOUT STAGED IN AMERICA

der : 17662, 17845, 21790 (idm) gdar : 16.96, 16.91, 13.82 (custo

THE WALL WAS A

7.45 Religious Program

gets to four hearts. Declarer wins your partner's trump lead with the ten and returns a low trump to dummy's eight. There is now the question of what to discard at trick two. This might appear to be an

insignificant decision to make, but actually your play could cost your side the contract if you make the wrong discard. Let's assume you discarded either the eight or nine of spades, or the dence of diamonds or five of clubs. Then, after declarer played

a low diamond to his jack, your partner would win but be'd have a tough time trying to figure out what to play next. He might conclude that his safest return was the ace of spades - and this play would hand South the contract. The correct discard at trick

two is the queen of spades! This is a signal that tells West you have a spade sequence headed by the Q-J-10 and cannot possibly have the king of spades. (If you had a sequence headed by the K-Q-J, you'd signal with the king, not the queen.)

As a consequence of this discard, your partner knowing that South has the king of spades - would exit with a low club at trick four and declarer would go down one. He would lose one diamond, one club and two

spades. ©1980 King Features Syndicate, Inc.

Believe It or Not

VALKYRIE I

A BRITISH AIRPLANE BUILT IN

1910 HAD ITS TAIL IN FRONT

DR. JAMES T. CLACK
of Wadley, Ala, in the 1940's
CONTINUED TO TREAT
PATIBITS AND SERVED AS
PRESIDENT OF THE RANDOLPH
COUNTY MEDICAL SOCIETY
ALTHOUGH HE
WAS BLIND

de : 17910, 21465, 21755 (da)

Your Individual Horoscope

= Frances Drake: FOR WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1986

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth Sign.

(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Use originality in handling domestic issues. Do-ityourself project should prove pleasurable. The p.m. accents romance. TAURUS

(Apr. 20 to May 20) Despite some argumentative trends, you'll enjoy the company of loved ones. Evening brings a work opportunity. GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)

Explore an unusual offer. Watch arguments about money. Stars favor romantic introductions and happiness in

CANCER (June 21 to July 22) Expect some irritations on the job. A local visit has romantic possibilities. Home should be source of contentment during this period.

(July 23 to Aug. 22) LE0 Avoid gossip clandestine meetings. You may hear of a financial opportunity. There's happy news and renewed optimism.

(Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) VIRGO Friends and family don't mix favorably, though a late get-together has romantic possibilities. Enjoy a happy social life. LIBRA

(Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Vagueness in a higher-un could irritate you. Retrain from arguments. Keep confidences. Happiness in the company of friends later.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You have mixed feelings about a trip, but good news from a distance puts your mind at ease. Favorable career developments indicated.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A financial opportunity arises unexpectedly. Social contacts help you careerwise. Luck through friends. Enjoy evening socializing.

CAPRICORN Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)
Consider an offbeat invited (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) tion. A close ally may be ritable or depressed. Care luck possible. AQUARIUS

(Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) Don't discuss work problems with friends. Be alert for a job opening. Let close allies take the lead. Enjoy companionship. PISCES

(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) You might plan a trip with a love one. Avoid argument about sex. The p.m. mer favorable for romance and geing out together.

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ACROSS 43 Lindy's wife-1 Except DOWN 5 Italian river 1 Wild guess 10 Tendency 2 Old French 12 Texas decree cottonwood 3 Implied

13 Revolt warnings 4 Abstract 14 Bound 15 "Un - Di" being 5 Ankle-length 16 Begum's spouse robe

muscle

18 Apparel item 6 Asian river 19 Farm machine 7 Imaginary 20 Levy 21 Cereal plant 22 Boring 8 Arab 9 Type of

Peter Lorre 24 Actress Duke 26 Entry at Le Mans 27 Bereft of color

28 S.A. country 29 French shooting gallery 30 Secret 32 Donkey (Fr.)

33 Laughing sound . 34 Hot steer 36 Where the **Dolohins** play

38 Lariat **40** Architectural piers 41 Trying time 42 Copal, e.g.



17 Colloidal 28 "To Helen" matter poet Red barrier 23 Colt's dam 31 U.S. missile 24 East Indian 35 Boundary 31 Ivever,

25 Stupid in Napoli 39 Time 26 Turn in history back

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Motic DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it: AXYDLBAAXR lotal LONGFELLOW

linis One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

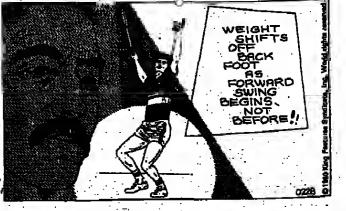
CRYPTOQUOTES

MVZHVB RY VZRJRTK EM SM ZWYSDAK YEHMB YVI XSKM SYBVH DSKXSK KRP. AEFVX BWV ASMB YVI

UVYRHV. - PJQJRIJ XSKM. Yesterday's Cryptoquote: CHARACTER IS MUCH EASIER KEPT THAN RECOVERED.—THOMAS JEFFERSON

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UNLESS BACK FOOT IS ANCHORED, POOR BALANCE WILL OCCUR



H00-I FIND THAT FEELING BOY! SOCIETY TO ALL THE H CANDIDATES QQ ISN'T REALLY MUCH SMALL 田田田 CONSOLATION 10-29 BRICKMEN PSSST...BUDDY, WANT TO BUY A HOUSE WITH A BREATHTAKING VIEW? HOW ساساأ MUCHE TAKE IT TWO HUNDRED arab news calendar SAUDI RADIO **DHAHRAN TV** On FM at 95 Magniture in 3.2 mater bear On SW at 11.855 bills in 25 mayer bear On MW at 1485 Elloherts in 282 m Sessine Street No. 1289 How to save a choking vi Death surf Final Feontiat Pardue vs Notre Dame 4:30 Chikiren's Show 5:56 Yieshth Education 6:06 The Handy Boys WEDNEEDAY 9:00 Opening 9:01 Holy Qurun 9:05 Geom of Guidance 91:0 Light Music 9:15 Juddah Highlights 2:00 Opening 2:01 Holy Quana 2:05 Gents of Guid 9:45 Compe the Prophet 2:10 Key to their Sec 2:20 On Islam VOA 10:10 Made 10:11 NEWS Now Summary 10:30 VOC Magazine America; Letter Cultural; Letter 11:00 Special English: News 11:30 Music U.S.; (Jazz) P.M. 3:00 NEWS 10:25 SA. — A Daily Car 8:00 News Roundup Reports : Actualitic Opinion : Analyses 10:30 Sound Sweet and 3:15 Missic 3:20 Science Jo Summe 11:00 A Leaf from 3:30 A Selection of Music News Summary 9:00 Special English: News, Feature, Making of a Ne Life's Notebook 11:15 Sound Latin 3:40 ----11:45 On Islam of a N 12:00 Concert Circles 3:50 Closedows 01:00 Closedows 1245 A Rendervon 9:30 3 unic USA : with Dreams 10:00 News Rou BBC 10:05 comments news analyse Morning Transmission Evening Transmission 8.30 Take One 8.45 Sports Round-up 9.00 World News **PHARMACIES** 8.00 World News 1.15 Ulster in Focus 8.09 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary 1.30 Discovery 2.00 World News 2.09 News about Br 9.09 News about Aritain 9.15 Radio Newsreel 9.30 Farming World 8.30 Sarah Ward JEDDAH 6875255 6423259 8.45 World Today 2.15 Alphabet of Musical Carios Near Deghistani Hos King Abdul Aziz St. 10.00 Ontlook News Aimen Pharmacy Batterji Pharmacy Ageel Pharmacy MECCA 9.00 Summery 2.30 Sports International 2.40 Radio Newsred 3.15 Promende Concert 9.30 Opera Star 10.00 World News 10.39 Stock Market Report 10.43 Look Ahead 10.45 Ulster in Focus Najmi Pharmacy Saqqaf Pharmacy TAIF Najah Pharmacy Shorbe Pharmacy RIYADH 5436924 10.09 Twenty-Four Hours 4.00 Twenty-Four Hours:
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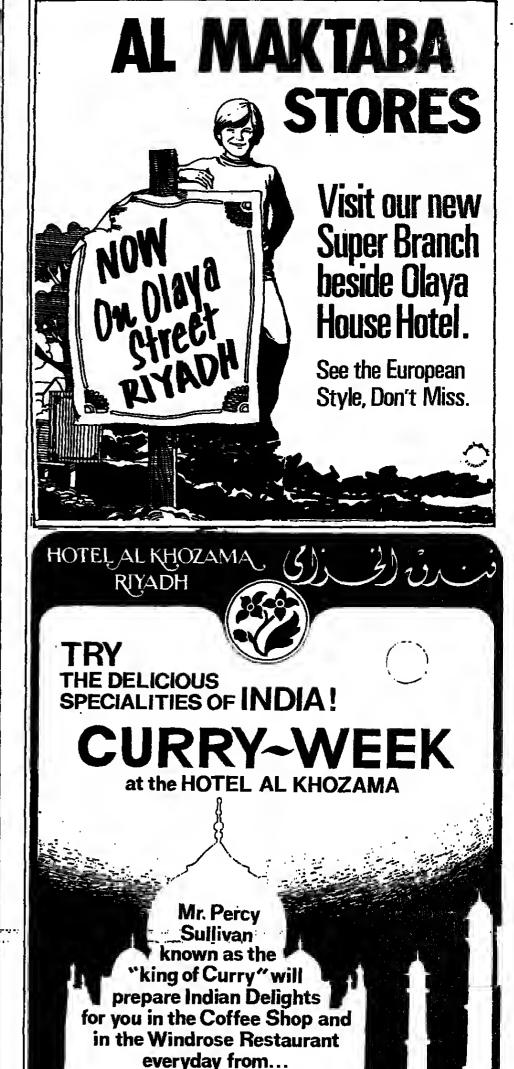
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PAGE 16

International

الاربعاء ٢٠ ذي الحجة؛ ١٤٠٠ هــ

Dreams of counter-revolution Plots, poverty fill exile's days

self onto the single mattress in the tiny garret where he waits in exile with his wife and son.

His wife spreads newspapers oo the floor and lays out a simple meal - whatever can be prepared on a hotplate - then apologizes for the modest offering and mumbles curses.

In the background a shortwave radio crackles with oews from Tehran of the latest fighting between Iran and Iraq. Ali Shamsadeh (not his real name), a

retired high-ranking army officer and a prominent landowner oow being sought by Iran's revolutionary regime, is waiting - along with thousands of other exiled Iranians in Paris - to return to his homeland, to reunite his family, to reclaim his

There are some 5,000 Iranian exiles living in Paris. Some are here to save their wealth. Others, who like the elderly Shamsadeh bave lost everything, are here to save their lives - and to work to overthrow Iran's revolutionary regime. "I've come here with the hope that one

day I'll go back to my country," he said in a receot interview translated by his soo. "I know that one day I'll go back as a soldier, even if I have to fight alone."

Shamsadeh left Iran after a warrant for his arrest was issued. He asked that his real name not be used because relatives remain in Iran.

"Some rich Iranians are living in the

GDANSK, Poland, Oct. 28 (AFP) - The

past 24 hours have brought already serious tensions between Poland's independent trade

unions and the government to the brink of an

open showdown, with a new wave of strikes

Solidarity, the independent trade union, Monday night fired off a telegram to Prime

Minister Jozee Pinkowski, peremptorily

summoning him to present himself at the

Lenin Shipyard here in Gdansk within 24

The premier promptly replied that he

could not keep an appointment of this kind at

such short ootice. Instead of a meeting at the

Lenin yard, the bastion of labor revolt where

this summer's wave of strikes had their origin,

Pinkowski suggested instead that the union

send a delegation to see him in Warsaw,

The unioo's governing coordination com-

mittee has yet to answer the invitation. It was

due to convene again this morning, not at the

shipyard as originally planned, but at its city

headquarters. Apparently the door to com-

hours to give an account of himself.

either Tuesday or Wednesday.

promise was being left ajar.

dearly in prospect.

Avenue Foche with governesses for their children," the soo said bitterly. But I can show you generals sleeping three to a

Shamsadeh has been active in the oppositioo movement in Paris and has visited Iran to see reported opposition military installations.

"There is nothing, nothing," he said, shaking his head. He described the "bases" as "a building with several Iranian officers." He said he saw about 50

Iranians there. The two figures who have emerged as leaders of the Iraniao oppositioo, Shahpour Bakhtiar, last prime minister under the late Shah Myhammad Reza Pahlavi, and Gen. Gholam Ali Oveissi, both with headquarters in Paris, operate radio transmitters out of Baghdad, Iraq, and have been reported to have sizeable bases in Iraq, though this has oot been confirmed.

Shamsadeh says he has lost confidence im both of them. Bakhtiar lacks the strength of a military man, he says. Oveissi, once considered among exiles to have the hacking of the dethroned royal family, moves among the same people who surrounded the deposed Shah, Shamsadeh claims. He calls them incapable.

He has turned down offers to work with. Oveissi at a comfortable income, placing his hopes in Gen. Bahram Ariana, a chief of staff under the Shah in the late 1960s and now an elderly, still little-known fig-

The committee's 3g members were evi-

dently under pressure from the radical wing

of the independent MKZ unioo when they

voted nearly unanimously Monday night,

with a single abstention, to call the prime

minister before them and finally have things



Exiles find him weak

ure without substantial backing or money. He complains the opposition, with its many factions, has been unable to organize under a single head.

"I see only people around me waiting for other powers to do something," he said. "As a patriot I don't believe in a foreign government like Iraq doing something. Even if Iraq changes the regime of Khomeini, there will be oo pride for me to return and work,"

For oow, he and his family string together the remnants of an interrupted life, their dignity and endless hope still somehow intact.

They were in a savage mood as they voted

that he should come and explain the

equivocal conduct of the Warsaw regional

court on Friday, to which solidarity had applied for formal registration as a trade

The committee found it unacceptable that

the court, "in violation of the law," should

arbitrarily alter the union's statute and even

write in trade unions and setting restrictions

As one committee member told the meet-

ing: "Without even a by-your-leave our sta-

There was bitter criticism, too, of the

regime's slowness to implement last August's

hard-won labor agreements as the radicals

demanded an on-the-spot showdown with

the prime minister, hinting also at the possi-

In this atmosphere independent union

leader Lech Walesa and his moderates found

themselves in a minority. Their appeals for

reasonableness to the Solidarity union lead-

ership got no response. Walesa had earlier

spent 90 minutes with the prefect of Gdansk, after which he put forward the idea that Sol-

idarity should send a delegation to see the prime minister in Warsaw on Thursday and

His suggestion initially seemed to find favor with the committee, who at that point

were less intent on creating a deadlock than finding a solution that would allow both sides

not to lose face. But just an hour later the vote was carried. Abruptly the "invitation"

had been assumed the tone of an ultimatum. The Solidarity committee's resolution,

moreover, implied that a strike could be cal-

'invite' him back to Gdansk.

union.

party's."

on the right to strike.

bility of a general strike.

Key French candidates delay entering '81 race

PARIS, Oct. 28 (AFP) — A total of 29 candidates have entered the April 1981 French presidential race but the three main ones have decided on a wait-and-see policy. They are President Valery Giscard d'Estaing, Socialist Party leader Francois Mitterrand and Gaullist leader Jacques Chirac.

It was well known that Giscard d'Estaing would make his announcement of standing again as late as possible so that the authority of his post, especially on the international sceoe, would not be weakened by a too early intervention in the campaign.

On Sunday Mitterrand and Chiracalso decided to remain on the sidelines. Both of them, it is true, face rivals within their own parties who have already announced their candidacy - Michel Rocard (Socialist) and Michel Debre (Gaullist).

Mitterrand, addressing a party rally in Marseilles oo Sunday, deliberately allowed doubt to remain about his candidacy by saying that he would leave the issue "to the choice of socialists."

His party has a long and elaborate process for nominating its presidential candidate, with a final decision only taken by a special congress in there months time, on Jan. 26.

In other words the socialist leader has many months to guage his support in the party and to consider the reaction to Rocard's candidacy. Rocard, a relative latecomer to the Socialist Party huilt up by Mitterrand, is usually looked on as a Social Democrat completely opposed to any union between his party and the Communist Party which Mitterrand has always favored.

Rocard is a senior official in the finance migistry and 50 years old. He said two years ago that he had presidential ambitions and was prepared to take over from Mitterrand, who is 64 and is marked by two previous unsuccessful presidential campaigns in 1965 and 1974,

Chirac, former premier and at present the mayor of Paris, announced Sunday that he had no intention of making any public statement about the presidential campaign until next January.

The powerful Gaullist Party has so far not decided on how to choose its candidate, but Chirac has already two declared rivals -



be the only "true Ganllist" and 46-year-old Marie-France Garaud, almost unknown to the general public but known as a long-time. close adviser to President Georges Pom-

Afghan loses standing

MOSCOW, Oct. 28 (AP) - Tass reported Monday that an Afghan delegate at the Belgrade UNESCO conference was stripped of his standing hy the Kabul government for betraying his country.

mention by Moscow's state-controlled media of the speech by Akhtar Muhammad Paktiawal on Saturday denouncing Soviet "occu-

ference, Tass said Paktiawal's "powers as

Paktiawal's speech "by means reflects the stand of the Afghan government," Tass said, adding that Kabul had demanded that the speech be withdrawn from the minutes of



The Soviet news agency report was the first

patioo" of Afghanistan and the Kabul government. The Tass account said Kabul "disavows his speech" but it gave no details about what he said. Quoting Kabul's statement read to the con-

member of the delegation" were annualed after he "betrayed (his) motherland, renounced Afghan citizenship and asked political asylum in a foreign state,"

KISS FROM CARTER: President Jimmy Carter waves and blows a kiss to a crowd at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, as he rides atop his limousine after giving a campaign speech.

China, Thais at odds on Cambodia solution

PEKING, Oct. 28 (AFP) — Communist China and Thailand apparently still disagree over how to move toward a settlement of the Cambodian crisis, following Thai Premier Gen. Prem Tinsulanonda's talks here with his

counterpart Zhao Ziyang.

Observers drew this impression from statements made by Zhao quoted by New China News Agency (NCNA) in a report of the two rounds of talks the two men have held since the Thai premier arrived here Monday on an official visit.

Prem also met here Tuesday afternoon with Chinese Communist Party Chairman Hua Guofeng.

Zhao said the withdrawal of Vietnam's 220,000 troops in Cambodia was" the key or foundation for a solution to the Kampuchea

"Short of this, a political solution to the Kampuchea issue would simply by out of the question," he said.

Zhao appears to have rejected Prem's suggestion for a "political solution" to the crisis. Peking has so far given military backing to the guerrilla war waged by the Khmer Rouge regime ousted in Phnom Penh by Vietnamese troops in January 1979.

Observers however noted that Democratic Kampuchea (the Khmer Rouge government) was not explicitly mentioned in the NCNA account of Zhao's statements. Zhao reportedly reaffirmed Chinese support for "all (Cambodian) patriotic, resistance forces." Before leaving Bangkok for his visit to

China, the Thai premier had announced he

planned to put forward " new suggestions "

for a possible settlement of the crisis. Reports from Bangkok had said Prem would urge Peking to end its unconditional support for the Khmer Rouge.

From page

he also pledged to bring SALT II back to the Senate for ratification. the human rights crusade was muted,

though not abandoned, as Carter found himself forced to cooperate with governments which did not meet his standards of liberality.

Born in Plains, Georgia, on Oct. 1, 1924, Carter was a graduate of the U.S. Naval Academy and did post-graduate work in nuclear physics. In the Navy, he was assigned to the nuclear submarine program. He resigned when his father died in 1953 and went home to run the family hussines.

In 1946 he married the former Rosalynn Smith, who has been one of his closest advisers and most effective campaigners. Unlike most presidential wives. she is often included in consultations on foreign and domestic policy.

Some insiders, referring to the gritty determination behind the sweet Georgia accent, call Rosalynn the "steel magnolia."

Carter ran for governor of Georgia in 1966 and lost, but won on his second try in 1970. Travelling widely on behalf of the

Democratic Party in 1974, Carter made hundreds of contacts which laid the groundwork for his long-shot presidential

Carter's down-home image is not without reason. When Carter was first elected. his family became the target of national

There was Miss Lillian, his outspoken 81-year-old mother who once said she would like to kill Ayatollah Khomeini. Miss Lillian is a former nurse who served in the peace corps in India.

Billy Carter, the president's harddrinking, pot-belied brother who owns a gas statioo in Plains, was a source of great embarrassment to the president when he registered as an agent of Libya, and disclosed that he had accepted a \$200,000 loan from Col. Muammar Qaddafi's radical regime.

Carter's sister, Ruth Stapleton, cut a different image. A mototrcycle-riding Christian evangelist, she also published a book on the Carter clan.

Carter has four children, John William, 32, James Earl, 29. Donnell Jeffrey, 27,

My visitor, a little girl, asked me gravely whether my house was haunted. Observing my bewilderment at the observation. she kindly explained: "This is London, after all", and she has learned that many houses in London were haunted, and she was most interested in being in one of them."Don't you believe in ghosts?" she asked. "Aren't they most marvellous? Have you ever seeo one?"

I knew that there was no way round disappointing my visitor. "No," I said, "I don't really believe in ghosts." But, trying to make up for her disappointment, I told her a true ghost-story — true, that is, for those who make it their business to investigate such matters. Not for me.

There is in London a 1,200-strong society of long standing whose task is to collect and authenticate hauntings. Most of the stories it receives prove on investigation either fraudulent or honest mistakes. But one story the society stands by very firmly indeed. This is the story of a certain Captain Desparde and his family, who moved into a house somewhere in Cheletenham m the year 1882.

After two months in the new place, the little girl in the family, Rose, saw the resident ghost, a lady in widows weeds who came from the upper story and descended the stairs sedately, then stood by the open fireplace for a while, then moved out to the garden and disappeared.

Rose told the family, and they saw the lady — a woman of punctuality, They invited other people to come and have a look, and the ghost did not mind a bit. Rose herself often tried to speak to the lady, who seemed sometimes on the point of replying, but never did.

The ghost was of such solid appearance that those who did not know thought it | Tit.! 'was a real lady walking by. At one point the family and some of their friends surrounded the apparition, attempting to prevent from going out into the garden. But it just went through them and disappeared in the same direction as usual,

"All this," I told the by now wide-eyed

visitor, "was true according to the most respectable society." But she was still less in satisfied. "You don't really believe in ghosts," she said. "You just told me so."
"I don't know," I said. "Somtimes I think I ought to change my mind." You see, looking at my electricity bill the other day made me wonder whether my house has a whole tribe of ghosts living with ns unseen. All that electricity couldn't have been wasted by our small family. Translated from Asharq Al Awsat

Dollar jostles pound; gold prices open mixed

LONDON, Oct. 28 (AP) — The dollar made some early gains against key currencies, including the strong British pound, in morning trading Tuesday. Gold prices were mixed.

Dealers said the dollar looked like continuing to edge up, huoyed by expectations of another increase in the U.S. prime rate soon. High U.S. and Eurodollar interest rates were behind dollar gains posted Friday and Mon-

In Tokyo, where the business day ends before Europe's begins, the dollar slipped to 213 yen, one yen down on Monday's close. Sterling eased aimid continuing speculation of a cut in the Bank of England's key mimimum lending rate. The pound has been strong for weeks because of high British interest rates and North Sea oil.

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